The Pyongyang Times

No. 35 (233) MONDAY, AUGUST 25, 1969 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Premier Kim Il Sung gave on July 1, 1969 answers to a number of questions raised by Taha Al-Basri, Assistant Director General of the Iraqi News Agency, who visited our country.

According to a report from Bagdad, the "Bagdad Observer," "Al Gumhouriayah" and "Al Thoura" respectfully frontpaged a portrait of Premier Kim Il Sung each with the full text of his answers on August 20.

On the same day Radio Iraq also aired the full text of his answers.

Follows the full text of the answers given by Premier Kim Il Sung to the questions raised by Assistant Director General of the Iraqi News Agency.

Answers to the Questions Raised by The Iraqi News Agency

KIM IL SUNG

QUESTION: What are Your Excellency's impressions concerning the earnest struggle waged by the people of South Korea against the U.S. imperialist occupation for the liberation of the South and what are the bases Your Excellency propose for the unification of the two parts of the country?

ANSWER: As for the questions of the South Korean revolution and the unification of the country, we dealt with them in detail already in the report at the celebration of the 20th founding anniversary of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea last year. Besides, many of our documents concerning the questions of the South Korean revolution and the unification of the country including the report at the Conference of the Workers' Party of Korea held in 1966 have been published. I think if you read these documents, you will fully understand our programme for the unification of the country and our position on the revolutionary struggle of the South Korean people against the U.S. imperialist occupationists.

It is the greatest desire of the Korean people today to unify their divided country at the earliest possible date.

It can be said that the speedy attainment of our cause of national unification hinges mainly upon the solution of the following three questions:

Firstly, how we further strengthen our revolutionary base in all the political, economic and military fields by splendidly carrying out the socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic; secondly, how the South Korean people wage the struggle more vigorously against the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and foster their own revolutionary forces quickly; and thirdly, how the world people, especially, the peoples of the countries making revolution and all the forces opposing imperialism unite firmly and isolate and weaken the U.S. imperialists to the maximum internationally and, at the same time, give active support and encouragement to the Korean people in their struggle to drive out U.S. imperialism and unify the country independently.

In our opinion unification can be realized in Korea when these three revolutionary forces are fully prepared and properly combined.

As is already declared widely to the South Korean people and to the peoples of the whole world, it is our consistent desire to materialize the unification of Korea by peaceful means. Our programme for the unification of the country is to establish a unified central government by holding general elections throughout the North and South on a democratic basis without any interference of outside forces after the U.S. imperialists have been withdrawn from South Korea.

This claim of ours is most correct and reasonable. It is because our programme for the unification of the country reflects the entire Korean people's firm consciousness of national independence and makes it possible to solve the unification question in a democratic way in accordance with the free will of the broad masses of people of all strata irrespective of their political party affiliations, political views, property status, standard of learning, religious faith or sex.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea put forward time and again most reasonable and concrete proposals for the unification of the country in the past, expressing the unanimous will and desire of the Korean people and has made every possible effort to realize them.

But the U.S. imperialists and the successive puppet rulers of South Korea have doggedly opposed our correct programme and proposals for the country's unification and carried out all sorts of manoeuvrings to perpetuate the division of our country.

The biggest obstacle in the way to realizing the peaceful unification of our country is the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists. So long as the U.S. imperialist aggression army stays on in South Korea, there can be no general elections of North and South Korea by the free will of the people. Therefore, for the peaceful unification of Korea, first of all, the U.S. imperialist aggression army must pull out from South Korea.

Nevertheless, the U.S. imperialists are not going to quit South Korea of their own accord. Furthermore, the South Korean puppets patronized by the bayonet of the U.S. imperialists are begging the U.S. imperialist aggression army not to go away from South Korea.

That is by no means the true expression of the will of the South Korean people. The South Korean people, too, like the people in the northern half, demand U.S. imperialism to get out of South Korea as soon as possible and want to unify the country independently and peacefully on a democratic basis.

The U.S. imperialists and their quislingite stooges are running wild to dampen this desire of the South Korean people and are cruelly suppressing the struggle of the South Korean people for the unification of the country. They recklessly arrest and imprison anybody in South Korea at the mere utterances on peaceful unification, intensify the unheard-of fascist suppression of the activities of progressive political parties, public organizations and press organs, and barbarously imprison and murder patriots.

The peaceful unification of the country cannot be achieved so long as U.S. imperialism and its stooge, the present puppet regime, are allowed to remain in South Korea. The peaceful unification of our country can be materialized only after the U.S. imperialist aggression army has been forced out of South Korea and the South Korean people have overthrown the present puppet regime and the progressive forces have come into power. If the U.S. imperialists get out from South Korea and the democratic and progressive forces with national conscience seize power even now, we are ready to hold negotiations with them on the question of unifying the country by peaceful means.

The revolutionary struggle of the South Korean people develops as the days go by although the U.S. imperialists and the present South Korean puppet clique are making desperate efforts to check the revolutionary struggle in South Korea by means of intensifying their fascist suppression.

The South Korean people are well aware that they can unify the country peacefully only by driving the U.S. imperialists, target No. 1 in their struggle, out of South Korea and smashing their stooge, the Pak Jung Hi puppet regime, and are vigorously unfolding various forms of struggle against U.S. imperialism and its stooges to realize their desire for the unification of the country at the earliest possible date.

Of late in South Korea, a great number of youths and students have risen to unroll vigorous demonstrations against the so-called "revision of the Constitution for the third-term election" which the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique is trying to hammer out with a view to remaining in "power" for a long time.

It is true that the revolutionary struggle of the South Korean people is arduous. But they have been tempered in the course of their protracted struggle against the oppressors and are ceaselessly expanding their fighting ranks and continually accumulating their revolutionary forces.

The South Korean people have the experience of heroic struggle in overthrowing the Syngman Rhee puppet regime, the old stooge of U.S. imperialism. Through their arduous struggle the South Korean people have been further awakened and come to realize more clearly how they should fight to emerge victorious. Large numbers of fine leading cadres of the revolution are also growing up among the fighting ranks of the South Korean people.

The South Korean people will definitely drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and crush the Pak Jung Hi puppet regime and the day will soon come when they will establish a people's power with their own hands and actualize the unification of the country together with the people in the northern half. This is what we firmly believe.

Today the U.S. imperialists, in a foolish attempt to cover up their foul nature as aggressors before the world people, are making preposterous false propaganda of

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our "aggression" upon South Korea and clamour that the revolutionary movement taking place in South Korea is the action of the northern half of the Republic. In the meantime, they perpetrate ceaseless provocations against the northern half of the Republic and try to threaten us with war while brutally repressing the struggle of the South Korean people.

However, with no deceptive artifice can the U.S. imperialists hoodwink the world people, and by no threat can they frighten the Korean people.

The Korean people will never tolerate the illegal occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and will never give up their aspiration to attain national unification.

The Iraqi people today, as in the past, actively support the Korean people in their struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggression and for the unification of the country. This is a great inspiration to the Korean people. We should like to offer our thanks to the Iraqi people for it, and express the conviction that they will, in the future too, continue to render active support to our people in their just struggle.

QUESTION: We are fully sure that Your Excellency is completely aware of the struggle waged by the Arab people against Zionism and imperialism. What is Your Excellency's opinion about the armed struggle waged by Arabs to liberate Palestine?

ANSWER: Our Government and public organizations have issued statements on a number of occasions in support of the struggle of the Arab people against the aggression of Zionism and imperialism and for the liberation of Palestine.

The Arab peoples are valiantly fighting with arms in their hands against the brigandish and brazen aggression of the Israeli expansionists and their manipulators, the imperialists led by U.S. imperialism. The anti-U.S., anti-Israeli struggle waged by the Arab peoples today is a just struggle to defend national independence and dignity, restore the occupied Arab territory and accomplish the Palestinian people's cause of liberation.

The Korean people positively support the just struggle of the Arab peoples and express firm solidarity with it. Our people will, in the future too, as in the past, firmly stand on the side of the valiant Palestinian people who are waging armed struggles to liberate their fatherland and on the side of the entire Arab peoples fighting determinedly against the aggression of Zionism and imperialism, and will always march ahead shoulder to shoulder with the Arab peoples in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

We regard you Arab people's struggle as our own and are deeply convinced that the righteous struggle of the Arab peoples will definitely win victory.

The U.S. imperialists are now on the decline; they are meeting with fierce anti-imperialist, national-liberation struggles of the people everywhere in the world and are getting it in the neck. When the revolutionary and progressive peoples of the whole world pool their strength and fight resolutely against U.S. imperialism and its stooges, the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli expansionists and other reactionaries of all hues are bound to ruin however strong and malignant U.S. imperialism may be.

QUESTION: As being one of the most prominent leaders of Socialism, what are Your Excellency's impressions about the social gains that were the outcome of the July 17, 1968 revolution in Iraq? What are Your Excellency's viewpoints about the executions of the U.S. and Israeli spies that were caught in Iraq?

ANSWER: As our Government has already stated, the Korean people join the Iraqi people in fully supporting the measures taken by the Revolutionary Government of Iraq to safeguard the revolution and the revolutionary gains in Iraq. The working class and people of Korea sincerely wish the working class and people of Iraq to win fresh victories under the leadership of the Revolutionary Government of Iraq in the struggle to frustrate the aggressive ambition of U.S. imperialism and the Israeli expansionists, consolidate the independence of the country and create a new life.

As for the execution of the U.S. and Israeli spies caught in Iraq, I consider it was a perfectly correct measure which was taken to guard the security of the country and the gains of the revolution from the enemy's manoeuvrings of subversion and sabotage. You should have no mercy on the imperialist spies who menace the sovereignty and security of your country but should only wage an uncompromising struggle against the enemy of the revolution. The Korean people express full support to the Iraqi people who meted out severe punishment upon the malicious espionage agents of U.S. imperialism and the Israeli aggressors.

Premier KIM IL SUNG Receives

Personal Letter from President of Islamic Republic of Mauritania

Premier Kim Il Sung of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a personal letter from Moktar Ould Daddah, President of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania, in connection with his gifts sent to the latter.

The personal letter reads:

Your Excellency Premier, dear friend,

I have the honour of informing Your Excellency that Mr. Li Gyo Wu, head of the delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, in the presence of His Excellency Ambassador Choi Sang Muk, conveyed to our government, on July 14, 1969, 30 agricultural tractors and receiver apparatuses sent by the great Korean people to the Mauritanian people.

An official ceremony for conveying the gifts was held after Korean technicians had given rudimentary training to Mauritanian drivers.

I express, in the name of the Mauritanian people, party and government and in my own name, deep gratitude to you for the friendship and positive solidarity manifested to us by the great Korean people and you.

We hope you will find time in performing your heavy duties to visit our country in the near future.

My visit to your beautiful country in October, 1967 is unforgettable.

I pay my loftiest regards to Your Excellency Premier, dear friend.

TELEGRAMS

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the D.P.R.K., received a telegram of greetings from Comrade **L.I. Brezhnev**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, Comrade **N.V. Podgorny**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and Comrade **A.N. Kosygin**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the U.S.S.R., on the occasion of the 24th anniversary of August 15, the holiday when the Korean people were liberated from Japanese imperialist colonial rule.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the D.P.R.K., received a telegram from Comrade **Wladyslaw Gomulka**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers' Party; Comrade **Marian Spychalski**, President of the State Council of the Polish People's Republic and Comrade **Josef Cyrankiewicz**, Chairman of the Council of Min-

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Del. of Communist Party of USA Arrives

A delegation of the Communist Party of the United States of America arrived here on August 19 by plane for a visit to our country at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The delegation is headed by Comrade John Pittman, Member of the Executive Committee of the National Committee of the Communist Party of the United States of America and coeditor of **Daily World**.

The guests were met at the airfield by Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea; Comrade Kim Jung Rin, Secretary of the Central Committee of the WPK; Kim Jwa Hyok, Chief Secretary of the Pyongyang City Committee of the WPK; Jong Jun Gi, Responsible Editor-in-Chief of **Rodong Shinmun**; and Kim Yun Son, vice-director of a department of the Central Committee of the WPK.

Little girls presented the guests with bouquets.

Delegation of the Patriotic Front of Laos Visits Korea

A delegation of the Patriotic Front of Laos headed by Tiaosouk Vong Sak, Member of the Central Committee of the Patriotic Front of Laos, paid a visit to our country from August 15 to 23 at the invitation of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The delegation was met at the airport by Comrades Li Jong Ok and Han Ik Su and many other cadres.

At the airfield a large crowd of people carrying flags and bunches of flowers warmly welcomed the good-will mission of the Laotian people fighting together with our people on the front of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. joint struggle.

On August 22, Comrade Kim Il, First Vice-Premier of the Cabinet of the D.P.R.K., received the visiting delegation.

The Cabinet of the Republic gave a banquet in honour of the delegation.

The guests visited Mangyongdae, the Fatherland Liberation War Memorial and Kangwon Province during their stay in our country.

A Pyongyang city mass rally was held on August 21 at the Moranbong Theatre in welcome of the Laotian guests.

Present at the rally were Comrades Li Jong Ok and Han Ik Su; Ko Jun Taek, Presidium Member of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Unification of the Fatherland; Kang Hi Won, Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Committee; and

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Comrade KIM IL SUNG Receives

Letters and Telegrams from Various Countries on the Occasion of "Month of Anti-U.S. Joint Struggle for Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggression Army from South Korea"

The respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people Comrade Kim Il Sung received letters and telegrams from various countries on the occasion of the "month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression army from South Korea."

Vice-President Casimir M. Bagira of the Supreme Council of Revolution of the Congo(L) said in his letter sent on behalf of the council to Comrade Kim Il Sung:

Tracing the annals of the struggle of the heroic Korean people, the Supreme Council of Revolution of the Congo (L) was again convinced that the victory scored by the Korean people under the leadership of you, a great fighter for the freedom and peace of all the oppressed peoples of the world and international military strategist, has shaken imperialism and colonialism to their foundation.

The Supreme Council of Revolution of the Congo(L) greatly admires the invincible ideas of you, the great iron-willed brilliant commander commanding the boundless respect of the Korean people and the Korean People's Army and the Leader in the world anti-imperialist movement and begs you to continually take the lead in the world anti-imperialist movement in this revolutionary era whose decisive current is the sacred struggle of the world progressive forces.

The Supreme Council of Revolution of the Congo(L) gives once again assurance that the strategy of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle you put forth on the basis of a scientific analysis of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle unfolded on the scale of the world including Asia, Africa and Latin America constitutes a revolutionary strategic plan to be carried on concretely by all liberation forces coping with the imperialists militarily, politically and economically.

As you, the great Leader of the world revolutionary forces, pointed out, the way of winning victory is to form a broad front of joint struggle against imperialism, colonialism and neocolonialism. The Supreme Council of Revolution of the Congo (L) declares to the whole world that all the peoples valuing dignity, human rights and peace should unconditionally support the heroic struggle the Korean people are waging under the wise guidance of you, the great revolutionary fighter of the 20th century and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander.

The letter sent by the workers at the "Chollima" shipbuilding yard in Cuba wrote:

We workers at the shipbuilding yard honoured with the name of Chollima extend greetings of respect, reflecting the feelings of the entire attendants at this meeting, to you and the entire Korean brothers who are building a socialist society with success in the northern half of Korea under your brilliant and wise leadership and fully ready to repulse any aggressive provocations of the U.S. imperialists.

We also extend greetings of revolutionary solidarity to the workers, students and the rest of the people in South Korea stubbornly fighting against the puppet Pak Jung Hi clique, the stooges faithful to American imperialism and betrayers of the nation.

We strongly protest against and condemn the murderous atrocity of the puppet Pak Jung Hi band, the lackeys loyal to U.S. imperialism, that killed Comrade Kim Jong Tae, Chairman of the Seoul City Committee of the United Revolutionary Party.

We are sure that under your wise leadership the Korean people will certainly achieve the country's unification within the present generation.

Our people will stand at the advance post of the struggle against the invasion of the U.S. imperialists, together with the fraternal Korean people.

The Employees' Union at the Asrugiriya Steel Company in Ceylon said in its telegram:

You rightly said that a divided country should not be handed over to the rising generation.

We firmly believe that Korea is one and belongs entirely to the Korean people.

The struggle of the Korean people against the U.S. imperialists who keep intensifying their fascist rule over South Korea is a struggle correctly reflecting their revolutionary spirit and enjoys the support of the progressive people the world over.

Availing ourselves of this opportunity, we wish the Korean people greater successes in the struggle for crushing the imperialists and for building a socialist Korea under your great leadership.

The message adopted at the meeting held in the city of Oresdo Batna, Algeria, wrote:

We believe that the prerequisite to Korea's unification lies in that the U.S. imperialist aggressors who, occupying South Korea for over 20 years, have divided the Korean nation with a long history of 5,000 years, imposed untold sufferings and hardships upon the Korean people and obstructed their uniform development, withdraw from South Korea at once taking with them their aggressor troops and lethal weapons. We together with the Korean people, strongly demand their withdrawal.

As Your Excellency Premier always maintain, we consider that no country or no international organization has the right to interfere in the question of Korea's unification, an internal affair of the Korean people, and that it should be solved independently by the Korean people themselves.

That is why we hold that the United Nations should no longer be usurped by the U.S. imperialists for their aggression against Korea and acquit itself of the crimes it has committed by withdrawing the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops occupying South Korea under the signboard of the U.N. and dissolving the "United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea."

The telegram sent by L. Chandramoun, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Mauritius Liberation Front, wrote:

We extend our brotherly greetings to you who performed great exploits in achieving a great victory by compelling the U.S. imperialists to bend their knees and sign the Armistice Agreement on July 27, 1953.

We hope that the Korean people under your leadership will inflict another heavy defeat on the U.S. imperialists and expel the scoundrels from the land of Korea once and for all.

The message from the attendants of the meeting sponsored by the General Federation of Iraqi Trade Unions pointed out:

We extend warm encouragement to the struggle of the Korean people for the unification of their country and progress and highly appraise the courage and fortitude of the Korean working class.

The Iraqi working class extends full support and encouragement to the Korean people in their struggle to realize, under the guidance of the great Leader Premier Kim Il Sung, the unification of their country independently by themselves on a democratic basis and in a peaceful way without any interference from outside forces after forcing the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea.

In his telegram General Secretary Wopik Altibi of the Arab Journalists' Union remarked:

Your precious experiences of struggle and great ideas have further deepened and developed the theory and concept of mankind on struggle and are now inspiring the struggle of the Arab peoples against the very forces that launched a war to deprive the Korean people of their freedom and put the Democratic People's Republic of Korea out of existence.

We who are unfolding an armed struggle against the U.S. imperialists and the Zionists convey Your Excellency Premier and your heroic people our friendly feeling and extend our full support to you in the sacred struggle to drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea.

We are convinced that the heroic Korean people will surely unify their country by their own efforts and fully support them.

The telegram from Mohamed S. Jeidan, Chairman of the Central Committee of the General Union of the Palestinian Students, pointed out:

We Palestinian students standing firmly on the front of the anti-imperialist joint struggle together with the Korean friends, resolutely denounce with surging indignation the U.S. imperialists' new war machinations in Korea and express firm militant solidarity with the heroic Korean people who have stood up valiantly to uphold the dignity of their country and nation.

We actively support the line of Korea's unification set forth by you, a line of forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops out of South Korea and unifying the country by the Korean people themselves. We enthusiastically support the tireless struggle of the people in the northern half of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for further reinforcing the revolutionary base politically, economically and militarily to hasten the advent of the great event of national unification and actively support the powerful anti-U.S. struggles including the armed struggle the South Korean people are heroically waging.

On the occasion of the "month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression army from South Korea" we all Palestinian students express once again our militant solidarity with the heroic Korean people and heartily wish good health and a long life to you, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements for your guiding the sacred struggle of the Korean people to drive out the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops and unify their country and leading the world-wide anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle to victory.

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isters of the P.P.R., in reply to their telegram of greetings sent on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the resurrection of Poland.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram from **Gamal Abdel Nasser**, President of the United Arab Republic, replying to his telegram of greetings sent on the occasion of the 17th anniversary of the July 23 Revolution in the UAR.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram from **William Vacanarat Shadrach Tubman**, President of the Republic of Liberia, replying to his telegram of greetings sent on the independence day of Liberia.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the D.P.R.K., sent a telegram to Comrade **L.I. Brezhnev**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, Comrade **N.V. Podgorny**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics; and Comrade **A.N. Kosygin**, Chairman of Council of Ministers of the U.S.S.R., on the occasion of the 24th anniversary of August 15, the holiday when the Korean people were liberated from Japanese imperialist colonial rule.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram to Prince **Norodom Sihanouk**, Head of State of Cambodia, in reply to his telegram sent on the occasion of the "month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of U.S. imperialist aggression army from South Korea."

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram to **Ahmed Sekou Toure**, President of the Republic of Guinea, replying to his telegram of greetings sent on the occasion of the 16th anniversary of the victory of our people in the great Fatherland Liberation War.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram of greetings to **Suharto**, President of the Republic of Indonesia, on the 24th anniversary of the proclamation of the independence of the Republic of Indonesia.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram from **Ibrahim Nasir**, President of the Republic of the Maldive Islands, replying to his telegram of greetings sent on the occasion of independence day of the Maldive Islands.

TALKS HELD

Between Delegations of Workers' Party of Korea and Communist Party of U.S.A.

Talks were held in Pyongyang for two days, August 20 and 21, between the delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea and the delegation of the Communist Party of the United States of America.

The talks were attended from our side by Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, who was the head of the delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea, and Comrade Kim Jung Rin, Secretary of the Central Committee of the WPK, and Comrade Kim Yun Son, vice-director of a department of the Central Committee of the WPK, who were members of the delegation.

Attending the talks from the Communist Party of the U.S.A. side were Comrade John Pittman, Member of the Executive Committee of the National Committee of the Communist Party of the U.S.A. and Coeditor of **Daily World**, who heads the delegation of the Communist Party of the U.S.A.; and Comrade Michael Eisenscher, Member of the National Committee of the Communist Party of the U.S.A. and Party Organizer of Wisconsin State, and Comrade Mike Davidow, Moscow correspondent of **Daily World**, organ of the Communist Party of the U.S.A.

Views were exchanged on questions of mutual concern at the talks.

The talks proceeded in a friendly and comradely atmosphere.

TALKS HELD

Between Delegations of Workers' Party of Korea and Communist Party of Austria

Talks were held in Vienna on August 18 between the delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea on a visit to Austria at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Austria and the delegation of the Communist Party of Austria, according to a report from Vienna.

Present at the talks from our side were the members of the delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Candidate Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the WPK and Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party, and from the other side were Franz Muhri, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Austria, and Maria Urvan and Josef Rausher, Members of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Party.

The talks proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. (KCNA)

"A Historic Document Marking a Milestone of New Epochal Significance in the Development of Socialist Economic Theory"

International Repercussions on Comrade KIM IL SUNG'S Work "On Some Theoretical Problems of the Socialist Economy"

"On Some Theoretical Problems of the Socialist Economy," an immortal, brilliant work in which Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, answered the questions raised by the scientific and educational workers, is evoking great repercussions among the revolutionary peoples and many public figures of the world.

"Programme for State of Proletarian Dictatorship in Shaping Its Economic Policy"

Rafael Suengas, Doctor of Economics at Havana University in Cuba, said in his statement that he learned much about new economic theoretical problems from Comrade Kim Il Sung's work.

All the problems raised in the work are urgent problems whose exposition the Korean economists as well as the economists of Cuba and other countries of the world have awaited, he pointed out.

He quoted the following words of Comrade Kim Il Sung:

"In socialist society, high revolutionary zeal of the people is the decisive factor which energetically eggs the productive forces on to pullulate. The essential excellence of the socialist system lies in the fact that the working people, freed from exploitation and oppression, work with conscious enthusiasm and creative initiative for the country and the people, for society and the collective, as well as their own welfare."

He remarked:

This instruction of Comrade Kim Il Sung is a great theoretical elucidation which enriched the socialist economic theory and the Marxist-Leninist classics.

Noting that for the people very rough is the path of getting rid of the remnants of the old social system and advancing toward a new society, he stressed that Comrade Kim Il Sung has opened up a new vast vista of socialist and communist construction by clearly showing the way to the correct solution of the socialist economic problems.

In conclusion he said:

Today we express full trust in the outstanding leadership and theory of Comrade Kim Il Sung, one of the most staunch and prominent leaders of the international revolutionary movement, and infinitely revere and respect him.

Masahiko Yokoyama, Doctor of Economics and Professor at Tokyo University in Japan, pointed out in his impressions of Comrade Kim Il Sung's work:

The work makes a great contribution to elucidating the practical problems arising in the socialist economic construction and unsettled questions in the socialist economic theory.

The excellent scientific insight of Premier Kim Il Sung who offered a clear conclusion of problems on the socialist economy under debate deserves unstinted praise, he said and stressed:

The recent work of Premier Kim Il Sung is a great classic on the problems of the socialist economy, I am sure.

This work is, indeed, a programme for the state of proletarian dictatorship in shaping its economic policy.

In his impressions Doctor of Economics **Fumio Moriya,** member of the Japan Science Council, pointed out:

Nowadays one of the most important problems in the Marxist-Leninist theory is to establish socialist economics.

Today this question is being successfully settled by Premier Kim Il Sung in Korea.

In his statement **Masao Kihara,** Professor at the economic faculty of Tokyo University, Japan, declared that the brilliant work of Premier Kim Il Sung gave a clear elucidation to some important problems in the socialist economic theory under debate, and stressed:

The correctness of this elucidation has been verified in the practice of socialist construction in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. So, this elucidation is especially noteworthy.

Nobuo Okishio, Professor at the economic faculty of Kobe University, Japan, stressed that Premier Kim Il Sung's work taught him not only much about economic theoretical problems such as problems of the rate of economic development, commodities and peasant market in socialist society but also the most important thing—what a stand and attitude towards the urgent social problems one should take and from what an angle should he view them to treat them from the Marxist-Leninist stand.

"Brilliant Work Ensuring Steady, Rapid Growth of Socialist Economy"

A public figure **Haviv Ali** of Algeria noted in his statement that the work of Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, is a precious document which gave a clear exposition to problems arising in the development of the productive forces in socialist society, and emphasized:

The economic theory elucidated by Premier Kim Il Sung is a new theory built on the great mass line of the Workers' Party of Korea which relies on and serves the masses of people and it marks an epochal turn in the development of the Marxist-Leninist economic theory, the Marxist-Leninist political economics in particular.

The work of Premier Kim Il Sung, he said, is a brilliant work ensuring the steady, rapid growth of the socialist economy and provides an irrefutable, firm theoretical and practical basis of extended reproduction.

In conclusion he expressed his firm confidence that the Korean people would continue the grand march in the socialist economic construction in accordance with the great Marxist-Leninist work of Premier Kim Il Sung, and stressed that the brilliant work of Premier Kim Il Sung constitutes a precious contribution to the treasure-house of Marxism-Leninism.

The Iraqi paper **Baghdad Observer** respectfully printed a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and carried the full text of his brilliant work **"On Some Theoretical Problems of the Socialist Economy"** under the heading "A historic document marking a new, original milestone in the development of the theory of the socialist economy."

The paper wrote:

The brilliant work of Premier Kim Il Sung is the greatest Marxist-Leninist document in our era making a profound Marxist-Leninist analysis of the important theoretical problems of the socialist economic construction which no one has ever given elucidation to and whose exposition is urgently required in present times, and giving a most perfect, all-round and scientific answer to these problems on the basis of rich experience accumulated in socialist construction in Korea, and it is a historic document marking a milestone of new epochal significance in the development of the socialist economic theory.

The work is also a crushing blow to the theory that in socialist society the more the economy develops and its scale grows, the less become the reserves for the growth of production and, accordingly, production cannot increase at a steady, high rate. This work serves as a splendid example in creatively developing Marxism-Leninism in the field of the socialist economic theory and upholding its purity and it is a precious document that made a great contribution to enriching the treasure-house of Marxism-Leninism.

The Pakistani papers **Daily News** and **Tameer** printed respectfully a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung and carried the full text of his work.

The Burmese paper **Vanguard** carried the detailed gist of Comrade Kim Il Sung's work for two days.

In its preface the paper stressed that Premier Kim Il Sung's work gave a systematic, perfect elucidation to the basic problems of the socialist political economics, the theoretical and practical problems of principled significance in socialist economic construction, and that the work clarified in an all-round way the characteristics of the economy in the period of transition from capitalism to socialism and the law of the development of the socialist economy.

The Burmese paper **Working People's Daily** also carried the gist of Comrade Kim Il Sung's work.

(Continued from Page 2)

Song Jong Wu, Vice-Minister of Higher Education.

At the rally Chairman Kang Hi Won of the Pyongyang City People's Committee made a speech.

Noting that the Korean and Laotian peoples are comrades-in-arms and close brothers who are fighting shoulder to shoulder with each other in the common struggle against the imperialists headed by U.S. imperialism, he said that under the correct leadership of the Patriotic Front of Laos headed by Prince Souphanouvong the Laotian people are dealing heavy blows at the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their lackeys through a heroic struggle.

He incisively denounced the U.S. imperialist aggressors who have incessantly intensified intervention and aggression in Laos, wantonly wrecking the Geneva Agreements, in face of the powerful resistance of the Laotian people.

He quoted the words of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, that **"The Korean people trenchantly denounce the U.S. imperialists for their armed intervention in Laos and actively support the Laotian people in their just struggle for national independence."**

He expressed full support to the political programme of the Patriotic Front of Laos adopted at its third national congress.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors must get out of Laos at once with all their military personnel and war supplies and the Laotian question must be solved by the Laotian people themselves without any outside interference on the basis of the 1962 Geneva Agreements and the present concrete situation of Laos, he stressed.

The speaker pointed out that our people restored the fatherland through the 15-year-long arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and led by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and have made great successes in revolution and construction by thoroughly embodying his great idea of *Juche* in all domains under his wise leadership.

The speaker exposed that the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are madly stepping up the new war provocation manoeuvres against the northern half of the Republic, while further intensifying fascist repression in South Korea, and are bestirring themselves to inveigle even the Japanese militarists in their moves for a new war.

Our people, he emphasized, will certainly accomplish the historic cause of national unification independently on a democratic basis by themselves without any outside interference, after forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops to withdraw from South Korea.

Tiaosouk Vong Sak, head of the delegation of the Patriotic Front of Laos, spoke next.

He said that the Laotian people were deeply moved by the sympathy and support expressed by the fraternal Korean people to them.

After referring to the victories won by the Laotian people in the struggle against the French colonialists and the U.S. imperialists for 24 years, he sharply denounced the U.S. imperialists who have been steadily expanding the "special war" in Laos, grossly violating the 1962 Geneva Agreements on the Laotian question.

The Laotian people, he declared, have overcome all difficulties to defend their fatherland and freedom under the guidance of the Patriotic Front of Laos headed by Prince Souphanouvong, and are prepared for all sacrifices.

He declared that the Patriotic Front of Laos would guide the struggle of the Laotian people till its political programme is carried to completion.

Referring to the support rendered by the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government and people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the struggle of the Laotian people, he said that his people highly appreciated the aid and support of the Korean brothers and this aid and support were helping toward their victory.

Denouncing the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their stooges, for perpetrating ceaseless provocations against the northern half of the Republic while brutally suppressing the South Korean people, he expressed full support to the Korean people in the struggle for liberating South Korea and unifying the fatherland.

The Patriotic Front of Laos and the Laotian people demand that the U.S. imperialists pull out of South Korea unconditionally and promptly so the Korean people can solve their problem by themselves without any outside interference, he said.

After pointing out that the Korean people under the wise leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, have turned their country into an advanced socialist state in a brief period after the war, inheriting the traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle, he stressed: the great might of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea today makes a positive contribution to the development of the national-liberation movement, democratic movement and the movement for social progress of the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America and the rest of the world.

Pointing out that U.S. imperialism is not only the common enemy of the Laotian and Korean peoples but also the enemy of the world people, he said that Japanese militarism is the principal and most dangerous ally and conspirator of U.S. imperialism.

The Laotian people are firmly confident that even the people of a small country, as Premier Kim Il Sung said, can defeat an enemy a hundred times, a thousand times superior to them, if they fight in close unity, and if all the oppressed nations pool their strength and wage a joint struggle, they will completely defeat U.S. imperialism, the chieftain of the reactionary forces, he said.

A silk banner was handed to Tiaosouk Vong Sak, head of the delegation of the Patriotic Front of Laos, in the name of the rally and a silk banner from the delegation was conveyed to Kang Hi Won, Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Committee.

The delegation returned home on August 23.

Vice-President of Chilean Parliament and His Wife Arrive

First Vice-President Pedro Videla of the Parliament of the Republic of Chile and his wife arrived in Pyongyang on August 19 on a visit to our country at the invitation of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries.

The guests were greeted by Acting President Kim Gwan Sop of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries and functionaries concernod at the airport.

Soviet-Korea Friendship Society Delegation Visits Korea

A delegation of the Soviet-Korea Friendship Society headed by N.A. Pankov, Vice-Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Union of Soviet Societies of Friendship and Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries, arrived here on August 19 by air.

Polish Foreign Ministry Department Director Here

Janusz Lewandowski, director of a department of the Foreign Ministry of the Polish People's Republic, and his party arrived in Pyongyang on August 19 by air for a visit to our country.

French Women Union Delegation Arrives in Pyongyang

A delegation of the Union of French Women which consists of Yvonne Dumont and Marie-Claude Vaillant Couturier, its Vice-Chairman, arrived here on August 19 by air to visit our country.

This Is How A New Great Upsurge Was Brought About

A new great revolutionary upsurge is now sweeping the whole country. Not a single day passes without seeing the dazzling achievements. This is the reality of our country.

The working people fulfil every day their quotas three or four times. This is the mettle of our working people.

Our working class has decided to get the yearly plan out of the way before October 10, the birthday of the Party, and the peasantry is also all out to hit another goal—to harvest grain 500 kg more per *jongbo*.

A great revolutionary spark kindled by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at a difficult period when our revolution was again confronted with a tense situation touched off the massive revolutionary upsurge now sweeping the whole country.

We look back over the years of 1966 and 1967 when the respected and beloved Leader called upon our people to bring about a new great revolutionary upswing.

Shattering Passivism and Conservativism

Each period of our revolution was arduous. But especially in 1966 and 1967 a more acute situation was created. Our revolution and construction were charged with difficult complex tasks.

At that time the war moves of the U.S. imperialists became more undisguised. To provide against such a tense situation we, standing directly opposed to U.S. imperialism, had to sharply increase defence capacity while vigorously promoting the building of socialism to actively meet the great revolutionary event.

At that very moment Comrade Kim Il Sung, with an intelligent insight into the obtaining situation, lighted brightly the road to a new upsurge of our revolution.

In his report at the Conference of the Workers' Party of Korea held in October, 1966 Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"It is of paramount importance in our revolutionary struggle and construction work today to reorganize the whole work of socialist construction in line with the requirements of the prevailing situation and, especially, to carry on the building of the economy and defences in parallel so as to further increase our defence capacities to cope with the enemy's aggressive manoeuvres."

Only when we follow the line of building the economy and defence in parallel, we can frustrate the aggressive machinations, keep promoting socialist construction and achieve the nation-wide victory of our revolution by our own efforts, no matter how the U.S. imperialists may run wild.

That is why our people accepted whole-heartedly this new revolutionary line set forth by the Leader and turned all out in a struggle to implement it.

But a new revolutionary upswing did not come on a silver platter.

Like all other working people in the country, the workers at the mine where Comrade Kim Gyu Won works accepted with a great emotion the Party's revolutionary line of pushing ahead with the economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel and were ablaze with the desire to carry it through.

Through a strenuous struggle, the Hoh Chun Son-led and Jin Byong Mu-led platoons and other platoons, companies and pits at this mine overfulfilled the 1966 ore production plan.

They actively took part in drawing up the 1967 draft plan and set a new fighting goal in conformity to the obtaining situation.

But, obstacles stood in their way. Passivism and conservativism hindered the execution of the building of economy and defence in parallel. Another thing which might impede our advance was a sophistry of revisionists who tried to put brakes on the fast developing socialist economy asserting that the more the scale of the economy grows, the further its growth slows down.

Such obstacles and assertion were to be found not only in this mine, but also in other branches of the national economy.

The created situation urgently demanded that they keep promoting the building of socialism at a high rate by bringing the unchallenged advantages of the socialist system into full play, removing all these obstacles as early as possible.

Around this time, on January 24, 1967, the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung summoned the leading personnel, heads of pits, company commanders and platoon leaders of this mine.

Comrade Premier greeted them with a broad smile on his face, who came up covering the long distance. He told them that he was planning on going down to the mine but he was obliged to summon them, pressed by his pursuits. Then he said that he would like to discuss the matter how to extract more ore.

Noting that he had phoned the previous day at mid-night the Ministry of Fishing Industry to know how fish supply was going on, Comrade Premier earnestly told them that to provide fisheries with big boats so as to catch more fish in deep seas and further to promote defence upbuilding and hasten the country's unification they should have to extract more ore.

He stressed that in order to bring about again an upsurge in socialist construction, mining industry, the first process of industry, should take the lead in this, and asked the platoon leaders and company commanders whether they could do.

When platoon leader Hoh Chun Son rose to his feet, he asked him about the production target of his platoon and the date of its fulfilment.

The platoon leader promptly answered Premier's questions by saying that though the plan was set 1.5 times bigger than that for the previous year, his platoon would surely carry it out by August 15.

Comrade Premier was very satisfied with his resolve to implement the yearly plan four months and a half ahead of schedule.

Comrade Jin Byong Mu said that in the coming year his mine was determined to boost its ore production up to the level demanded by the Leader.

Now other heads of pits, company commanders and platoon leaders expressed in turn their determination to extract much more ore than the last year's results in response to the call of the Party. Listening to them, Comrade Premier encouraged them, saying that they should do so and that it was the requirement of the law of socialist economy.

Then he taught in detail how to mine more ore and acquainted himself with bottlenecks in boosting the ore output and took relevant measures for the solution.

Now that they came to be well aware of the intention and demand of the respected and beloved Leader, the Red miners pledged themselves to extract ore 1.5 times bigger than their original plan and rose up as one body to carry out their plan.

Taking the Lead in Great Revolutionary Upsurge

In June, 1967, the first year when a strained struggle was launched for implementing the decisions adopted at the Party Conference, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our people, visited the Hamhung district to bring home to the people the Party's firm intention to unwaveringly execute the line of carrying on the economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel.

He met the working class of the factory where Comrade Kim Jong Song works.

At an enlarged meeting of the factory Party committee, Comrade Premier explained what was meant by the building of economy and defences in parallel and why they should fulfil this task without fail. His explanation was so plain that everybody could clearly get the real meaning of the new line. Every one was fired with the desire to implement it without fail.

Because the building of economy and defences was a line of great political significance, Comrade Premier said, a powerful ideological struggle was to be unfolded to implement this line. Waverers and capitulationists might appear in the course of the fulfilment of the line and there was nobody but the working class to whole-heartedly accept the Party's line and take the lead in the struggle for its through implementation. And he said that the workers of this factory should lead the van in the great revolutionary upsurge.

"We, upholding the lofty will of the Premier, will work in a revolutionary stamina befitting the working class in the era of making revolution and surely carry on both the economic construction and defence upbuilding." This was the firm pledge of the workers at this factory nay the working class and people in this land.

The Leader who trusts in and relies on the masses of the people whenever difficult and complex matters crop up before the revolution and construction, and leads all struggles to victory and our heroic working class that when the situation becomes complicated and things become difficult, wholeheartedly accepts the Leader's teachings and carries them through!

This unbreakable unity between the Party, the Leader and the people was the kingpin of all miracles, all proud achievements and all victories in Korea.

In July of that unforgettable year Comrade Premier also held a meeting with the working class in the Hamhung district and representatives of the working class in various branchehs of the national economy in South Hamgyong Province, inspiring them to take the lead in the implementation of the new line.

He also visited honoured wounded soliders and units of the People's Army, looked round farming and fishing villages and met intellectuals at the establishments of education, culture and public health to sow the immortal seed of revolution in their hearts, showing warm love to and placing infinite trust in them.

Before an allround battle to carry out the Party's new line started, he enkindled the fire of revolution in the hearts of the people in this way. At the Sixteenth Plenum of the Fourth Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea he saw to it that the revolutionary fire swept the whole country and called vigorously the whole Party and the entire people to a new great revolutionary upsurge.

Leading the Whole Nation to an Uninterrupted Advance

Though he was pressed with state affairs, the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung visited the metallurgical center in Kangson to assign its workers with an honourable task to bring about again a great revolutionary upsurge and take the lead in the Chollima movement, as they raised the first torch of the Chollima movement in 1957.

Thus came a new great revolutionary upsurge in 1967 in this land under the wise guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

Now, following the factory where Comrade Kim Jong Song works, the mine where Comrade Kim Gyu Won works and the Kangson Steel Plant the working class in other places of the country, the peasants and intellectuals rose up. Thus a spark of flame enkindled by the Leader soon spread to the whole country.

The factory where Comrade Kim Jong Song works fulfilled the yearly plan two months and a half ahead of schedule under the revolutionary slogan: "What the Leader orders and instructs is our rated capacity and norms." The Kangson Steel Plant increased the capacity of bloomery eight times with the same spirit displayed in 1957. At the mine where Comrade Kim Gyu Won works platoons fulfilled the quotas of companies and pits the whole mine, thus carrying out the original plan of the mine almost two-fold. A weaver turned out as much as textiles produced in a year in North Korea in the closing days of Japanese imperialist rule.

Despite of a rare flood the year before last and severe drought last year, each year witnessed a bumper harvest.

A decisive part of all these miraculous results must go to the wise leadership of the Leader.

Even under the condition that our country had to direct much effort to defence upbuilding, it boosted industrial production as much as 17 per cent in 1967 and 15 per cent last year.

All this shows the great vitality of the Party's revolutionary line of building the economy and defence in parallel set forth by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and demonstrates the invincible might of the Korean people who are dashing forward, bringing about a new upsurge after another with the unyielding will and revolutionary stamina under the great and outstanding guidance of the Leader.

This also proves that when we rely upon a high degree of political consciousness and revolutionary zeal of the masses, that is, the advantages of our socialist system, we are able to develop ceaselessly production at a high rate even though the scale of the economy grows.

On January 3, 1968 Comrade Premier said, citing brilliant results attained in 1967 at the mines where Comrades Kim Gyu Won and Kim Won Yong work and at the machine building factory where Comrade Kim Jong Song works.

"All this clearly shows how great the strength of political work is and glaringly proves that if we, by conducting political work well in accordance with the line set forth by our Party, enhance the political consciousness of the masses and arouse their revolutionary enthusiasm we can advance fast as we want, however the scale of the economy may grow.

"The 'theory' that large-scale economy could not develop rapidly is but a revisionist sophistry brought forward by some people to justify the fact that the economy is stagnant and does not develop fast."

Basing himself on a profound theory, a scientific analysis of the essential advantages of our socialist system and on the practical experiences our working class gained through their heroic struggle under the wise leadership of the Party, Comrade Kim Il Sung advanced a clear-cut scientific Marxist-Leninist proposition on corelation between the scale of the economy and the rate of the development of production, in his brilliant works "On Some Theoretical Problems of the Socialist Economy."

In every nook and corner of the country now the great revolutionary tide is rising higher with every passing day.

Pak Hae Chon

A 3,000-ton press manufactured at the factory where Comrade Kim Jong Song works

Chollima Movement in Our Country

CHOLLIMA!

This word symbolizes the mettle of Korea that is marching forward with indomitable strength and enthusiasm, raising a violent storm of revolution.

Chollima!

This represents the speed of Korea that is dashing forward like a hurricane toward socialism and communism.

The word Chollima originated from the legend of our country that a brave giant jumped over the sea and mountain at a breath on a steed which ran 1,000 ri a day; it has been used as a symbolic term for great speed from ancient times.

To apply the term of Chollima to the speed of our onward march accords with the national sentiments and the aspirations of our people for further accelerating the building of socialism and communism.

In our country the remarkable successes in socialist construction have been achieved amidst the great upsurge of socialist construction and the grand Chollima movement under the wise leadership of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The Chollima movement in Korea is a manifestation of the great creative power of our people who have closely rallied around the Workers' Party of Korea and the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, and it is an all-people movement for the utmost acceleration of socialist construction.

This is a movement for communist education aimed at turning all the working people into active socialist builders who make continued advance and uninterrupted innovations, and is a communist onward movement for making everybody display mass heroism and drive forward socialist construction dynamically.

Chollima symbolizes the mettle of the Korean people advancing fast toward socialism and communism

Beginning of the Chollima Movement

To advance fast is the lofty aspiration of our people.

Our country had inherited a backward economy and culture from the old society and, worse still, everything was destroyed during the three-year-long war unleashed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors in 1950.

Under the conditions in which the country was divided into the North and the South, we had to build socialism in direct confrontation with the U.S. imperialist aggressors and accomplish the cause of the country's unification, the supreme task of the nation. Such being the situation, our people had to wage a tense struggle.

We had to advance much faster than other peoples in order quickly to get rid of the lags bequeathed to us by history and to hasten the country's unification.

We fulfilled the Three-Year Plan (1954-56) clearing away the war debris, but we had before us the new task of scaling another height—the Five-Year Plan (1957-61).

We had to complete socialist reorganization in town and country, lay the foundation of socialist industrialization and solve the question of meeting the people's requirements for food, clothing and housing in the main during the Five-Year Plan.

Indeed, we had lots of things to do at that time and many hardships and trials stood in our way.

At this difficult juncture the enemies at home and abroad vilified our Party's lines and policies. The U.S. imperialists and their South Korean puppets, the traitorous Syngman Rhee clique, seizing the occasion to trumpet the "march north" tune, went wild to egg the remnants of the overthrown exploiting classes on to work mischief with the gains of our revolution and dislocate our socialist construction.

It was just then that Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our people, convened the historic December 1956 Plenary Meeting of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and set forth a definite line for bringing about a great upswing in the revolution by arousing the entire Party and people. Subsequently, he personally went down to the production scenes to meet the workers and peasants.

Comrade Kim Il Sung who always trusts in the people and draws on their strength in leading the revolution to advance without letup, went first to the Kangson Steel Plant to meet the workers, the main detachment of the revolution.

Having made a round of the plant he sat down among the workers, and gave a concrete account of the situation in the country and the glorious tasks facing us. Then, he talked to them about the need for producing more steel, pointing out that it was none other than the working class who, surmounting all hardships, had to prove the validity of the Party's lines and policies.

Infinitely moved by the great expectations and trust shown for them by the Leader, the workers of the Kangson Steel Plant turned out as one with burning hearts to remain loyal to him and carry out his teaching.

"What shall we spare for the Leader? We will carry out the Leader's teaching by all means even if our bodies are reduced to powder," was their resolve.

Their hearts became ablaze with loyalty to the Leader. Thus, a great upsurge was brought about in production.

When the Leader visited the steel plant, the workers there vowed to him to produce 90,000 tons of rolled steel at the blooming mill with a rated capacity of 60,000 tons. Then, they worked the miracle of turning out 120,000 tons.

Comrade Kim Il Sung also visited the coal fields in the northern region to call upon the collieries to make fresh innovations. He likewise visited the Hwanghae Iron Works, a metallurgical base on the west coast, to encourage and inspire the steel makers to heroic labour feats. Further, he even made trips to nameless mountain villages to show them which path to take.

In active response to the Leader's call, "Dash forward at the speed of Chollima!" the whole country set out on a grand, vigorous march.

Amidst the fierce flames of the Chollima movement the Jin Ung Won work-team members at the Kangson Steel Plant unfolded the Chollima work-team movement. This marked the beginning of the proud history of the great Chollima work-team movement, and, thereupon, the Kangson Steel Plant became the cradle of the Chollima work-team movement.

A Great School for Communist Education

Wherever you go in our country—factories, villages, schools and hospitals—you will come across people with Chollima badges on their breasts.

They are the very members of the Chollima work-team, Chollima riders who are dashing towards the bright morrow of communism, pushing forward the socialist construction of the country at an unprecedented speed.

The Chollima riders are heroes of our era and Red soldiers of our Party.

The members of Chollima work-team are forcefully pushing ahead with the socialist construction of the country organically combining the mass innovation drive with the work of educating and remoulding the working people under the motto "One for all and all for one."

As to the Chollima work-team movement, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said as follows:

"... The Chollima work-team movement is a great communist, mass onward movement that educates people in communist ideology and inspires them to mass heroism and innovation."

The Chollima work-team movement—this came into being in the course of the progressive development of the Chollima movement. It is the great onward movement in our country that is to incessantly enhance ideology and consciousness of people and their enthusiasm in production, and build socialism better and faster.

Comrade Kim Il Sung gave constant guidance and directed attention to the movement for its further development.

He personally convened twice the National Meeting of Frontrankers in Chollima Work-team Movement and gave the programmatic instructions to further strengthen and develop the movement. Moreover, whenever he gave the on-the-spot guidance at factories and villages, he personally met many Chollima riders there and kindly taught them to unfold the movement more energetically, looking after their work and life.

This movement which started in 1957, spread throughout the country like wildfire and developed into an all-people movement involving millions of people from all spheres and domains of social life—industry, agriculture, education, culture, public health, trade and even the People's Army and neighbourhood units.

Thus, in the period from the first National Meeting of Frontrankers in Chollima Work-team Movement held in August 1960 to the second one held in May 1968, the Chollima work-teams in the domain of industry alone grew 21 times, double Chollima work-teams more than 28 times and Chollima riders 23 times in numbers.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"The central tasks of the Chollima work-team movement are firstly to do the work with people well, secondly to do the work with equipment and materials well and thirdly to do the work with books well... To do these three works well, that is, to carry out the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions well is the basic tasks of the Chollima work-team movement."

The Chollima work-teams strengthen communist education, giving primary importance to the ideological revolution.

The Chollima riders are exerting all their efforts, first of all, to arm themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung and thoroughly establish the unitary ideological system of the Party among the working people.

They are striving to make a deep study of the teachings of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the Party policies and make them their own bones and flesh and to carry them through unconditionally.

The Chollima riders are also making persistent efforts to revolutionize themselves by strengthening their collective life and political and organizational life and by strengthening education in the revolutionary traditions and communist education and are powerfully carrying on the work of revolutionizing and working-classizing the whole society.

The Chollima work-teams are energetically pushing forward the technical revolution, along with the ideological revolution.

The Chollima riders are making mass technical innovations, standing in the van of the technical revolution and displaying collective wisdom and creativeness.

They are striving to mechanize and automate the production process and continuously introduce new techniques and advanced methods of work into it, thereby steadily increasing the production while working easily.

With consciousness worthy of masters of the state that all machines, equipment and materials belong to the country, people and themselves, they practise thrift and solicitude for equipment and materials of the state like the apple of their eyes, handle them with great care, devote all their energies to be well versed in their own machines and handle them skilfully.

The Chollima riders are steadily endeavouring to enhance their political, cultural and technical levels.

In order to raise their political and practical ability they make a deep study of the works of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the history of his revolutionary activities and read many books on technique, literature and art.

The participants in the Chollima work-team movement make uninterrupted innovations and continuous advance while sweeping away all that is backward and stagnant in all spheres of production and technique, ideology and morality.

In the Chollima work-teams all help and draw each other forward, and yesterday's passivists become activists today, those who lagged behind yesterday become progressive today; thus all growing into persons of a new, communist type.

They are men of true communist traits who do not seek for their own pleasure or fame but hold dear the interests of the collective, country and people, and blame themselves for shortcomings and defects and attribute merits and successes to other comrades.

The Chollima riders display a high degree of revolutionary zeal and creativeness in the production activity as well.

They are continuously creating new norms while smashing conservatism and mysticism in all fields.

Today the cultural level of Chollima riders in our country is going up rapidly, too. The ranks of Chollima work-team whose all members are qualified engineers or assistant engineers are increasing with every passing day.

Miracles and Innovations Everywhere

World-startling miracles were wrought and innovations made everyday in all parts of our country.

Our heroic working class built 300,000-400,000 ton-capacity blast furnaces, each in less than one year, and laid more than 80 kilometres of standard-gauge railway in 75 days. Also, in a little over one year, they erected a huge, up-to-date vinalon factory and turned out more than 13,000 extra machine tools over and above the state plan by unfolding the machine-tool multiplying movement. Not only that, they built over 1,000 local industry factories within only three to four months, and carried out in no more than six months a tremendous nature-remaking project to supply irrigation water to 370,000 *jongbo* of paddy and dry fields.

The great changes in economic construction are not all that are associated with the Chollima movement.

The movement has brought about really tremendous changes in the ideological, cultural and moral life of our people, too.

Thanks to the grand Chollima march, the Five-Year Plan, a huge and difficult plan, was fulfilled in only two and a half years in gross output value.

The grand Chollima march making continued innovations and continuous advance frustrated the enemy's attack from within and without, and smashed to smithereens passivism and conservatism that stood in the way of our onward movement, and brought about a big upsurge in socialist construction.

As a result, we are now successfully capturing the major heights of the Seven-Year Plan in triumph while vigorously carrying out the new, revolutionary line of building the economy and defence in parallel.

The entire people, rallied rock-firm around the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, have been united into a big family, harmonious, cheerful and animated, and are vigorously forging ahead towards socialism and communism. This is our Chollima Korea.

The Chollima movement in our country is a great communist onward movement for simultaneously occupying two fortresses, material and ideological, which must be captured on the way to socialism and communism; it is displaying its great vitality as the days go by.

Comrade Kim Il Sung giving on-the-spot guidance to the Kangson Steel Plant

Motive Force of the Great Chollima Movement

What, then, is the factor that gave birth to this great movement? The decisive victory in the socialist revolution and the building of the country's independent economic foundation furnished the socio-economic and material conditions for a great upsurge in the economic and cultural upbuilding, and they became the objective motives for the Chollima movement.

Life shows, however, that such a great onward movement as the Chollima movement does not come of itself even when definite assets have been prepared for it.

The Chollima movement became possible precisely thanks to the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wise leadership, and to the boundless loyalty to the Leader on the part of the entire working people who, whole-heartedly upholding his ideas and teachings, devoted all their strength and wisdom to the struggle for carrying them through.

Our Party and the Leader, believing in the revolutionary enthusiasm and inexhaustible creative ability of the working people and relying on their strength, boldly arranged work to bring forth a revolutionary upswing on all fronts of socialist construction and led it energetically forward.

In spite of snow and rain or biting wind, and regardless of day and night, Comrade Kim Il Sung, oblivious of sleep and meal, visited factories and villages and consulted the workers and peasants about state affairs before machines, in the fields, villages or dormitories, and read their minds, thus rousing them to fresh miracles and innovations.

Indeed, there is no place in our country which he has not visited, and everywhere he went great changes took place.

Comrade Kim Il Sung's great idea of *Juche* and his sagacious leadership, the infinite loyalty of our people to the Leader, the monolithic unity between the Party and the masses of the people and the unusual determination and revolutionary enthusiasm of our people to advance quickly—all this was the most decisive factor that gave rise to the Chollima movement in our country.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"As a mass movement of organically combining the collective innovation in economic and cultural construction with the education and remoulding of the working people, the Chollima movement became our Party's general line in socialist construction."

The essence of this line lies in educating and remoulding all the working people in the communist ideology to unite them more firmly around the Party and the Leader and in bringing into full play their revolutionary enthusiasm and creative ability so as to build socialism better and faster.

The invincible vitality of the Chollima movement lies precisely in the fact that it is a movement created in the course of onward movement of the masses of the people, that the Party and the Leader initiated it by representing the will of the masses of the people and generalizing their practical experiences in struggle and that the masses of the people accepted it with all their hearts.

Today our people, driving forward the great Chollima movement continuously and forcefully, sweeping away all that is antiquated from all spheres of economy and culture, ideology and morality through the Chollima work-team movement, an intensified and developed form of the Chollima movement, and making continuous advance and innovations, are advancing on and on, fighting and advancing on all fronts towards the complete and final victory of socialism and for moving up the days of the country's unification.

Pak Gum Hae

Dashing Towards Height of Seven-Year Plan in the Spirit of Chollima

Like all other factories and enterprises throughout the country, the factory at which Comrade Jo Jung Won works is raising fierce flames of a great revolutionary upsurge in response to the call of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on conducting economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel.

The Chollima riders here have established a new record in the production of magnesia clinker and fireproofing bricks since the inauguration of the factory.

Every kiln topples the "rated capacity" and constantly sets up new records in turning out first-rate products.

Thus, in the recent three months the workers here have overfulfilled with credit their monthly quotas including the plan for increased production, thereby exceeding by far the honourable targets the Leader personally assigned to them during his on-the-spot guidance.

This success is another living example showing that the working class can constantly boost the production as the economy develops and its scale grows, if they make an effective use of the existing economic foundations by fully displaying the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance following the teaching of the great Leader in a manner befitting the leading class of the country.

The Chollima riders here, looking forward to the brighter morrow, are now waging an intense labour struggle with a high revolutionary zeal to capture the height of the Seven-Year Plan under the motto: "The demand of the Party and the Leader is our norms and rated capacity."

The workers at the kiln and calcining oven shops, true soldiers of the Leader, are now toppling the "rated capacity" smashing all that is stagnant and conservative and considerably increasing the production of good-quality magnesia clinker and fire bricks, despite the unfavourable conditions of the rainy season.

The encouraging words given by the fatherly Leader during his on-the-spot guidance that the service life of the furnace in the field of steel production depends on them are always a source of inspiration to the workers here in their efforts to achieve good successes.

They have reduced the repair time of ovens by one-seventh and every month produced over 650 tons more of clinker from every oven compared with the previous days and are now keeping this level.

In the past several months, great successes have also been made in the clinker shops.

The members of Chollima work-team No. 2 at clinker shop No. 1 have always stood in the van of the shop in the struggle for implementing the on-the-spot instructions of the Leader.

They newly introduced the oil-infusing method to oven as was taught by the Leader which tended to increase the production of clinker two times.

But, not content with this, the workers here who always set high targets before themselves to repay with credit the high expectations and deep trust of the fatherly Leader, racked their brains and pulled their strength and wisdom to put out more clinker of better quality. The Chollima riders here, joining efforts with the technical personnel, introduced a new technical device in production, thus increasing the heat of the oven by 25 per cent compared with the previous days.

Thus, they increased production 3.5 times compared with the days before they introduced oil into the oven, while reducing the silicic acidity by one per cent below the state standard.

The Chollima riders here are now vigorously dashing towards the height of the Seven-Year Plan putting spurs to Chollima.

We Scathingly Denounce Criminal Atrocity of U.S. Imperialists and Their Stooges Who Killed Another S. Korean Patriot

The Committee for the Peaceful Unification of the Fatherland Issues Statement

The U.S. imperialists and their faithful running dogs and atrocious fascist hangmen Pak Jung Hi puppet clique committed an inhuman atrocity of killing brutally Rim Byong In, a South Korean patriot, in the cell at the end of July.

Rim Byong In who was killed in cold blood by the enemy formed a revolutionary organization and mass organizations together with Kim Gyu Nam and Pak Dae In and many other patriotic figures, infinitely revering as the sun of the nation the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people Comrade Kim Il Sung, and conducted activities against U.S. imperialism and for national salvation in wide areas of South Korea including Seoul, Pusan and Bosong for the building of a new society and the independent, peaceful unification of the fatherland, cursing the present corrupt society of South Korea.

His were entirely just patriotic activities reflecting the unanimous desire of all the South Korean people who are subjected to exploitation and oppression under the colonial fascist rule of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

It is natural that Rim Byong In, like all other patriots of South Korea, should fight against the aggressors and quislings and for winning freedom and liberation, and this does not deserve any punishment.

Nevertheless, the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist hangmen illegally arrested and imprisoned him together with Kim Gyu Nam and Pak Dae In, and cruelly tortured him to death without the formal "trial."

The Committee for the Peaceful Unification of the Fatherland issued on August 17 a statement exposing and condemning the unpardonable crime the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi fascist gang committed again despite the strong protest and denunciation of the Korean people and the people of the whole world.

The statement pointed out:

It is another intolerable challenge to our people that the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi murderous gang committed again such a thrice-cursed atrocity at a time when the voice of the entire Korean people and the world people denouncing their brutal murder of Comrade Kim Jong Tae, Chairman of the Seoul City Committee of the United Revolutionary Party, and Comrade Choi Yong Do, Chairman of the South Cholla Provincial Committee of the United Revolutionary Party, who were indomitable revolutionary fighters and ardent patriots, is getting louder.

The Committee for the Peaceful Unification of the Fatherland, in the name of the entire Korean people, scathingly denounces with surging national indignation the criminal atrocities of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist gang brutally suppressing and murdering South Korean patriots.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique foolishly seek to block the revolutionary advance of the masses of the people, intensify the policies of aggression and war and save the crumbling colonial fascist rule from crisis by suppressing and murdering South Korean revolutionaries and patriots.

The statement noted that the outrageous, barbarous repression by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique will surely incur their shameful doom in the end, and extended militant support and encouragement to the South Korean revolutionaries and patriotic figures, workers, peasants, youths and students, intellectuals and people of other strata who are fighting valorously in towns and villages, underground and in mountains, in prison and at "court," holding aloft the banner of the anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle.

The statement continued:

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said:

"In spite of the fascist suppression and all kinds of fraudulent artifice of the U.S. imperialists and their puppet clique, the South Korean people will be further awakened and steeled through the struggle and will grow into an invincible revolutionary force which will eventually overthrow U.S. imperialist colonial rule."

The South Korean people will surely overthrow the colonial fascist rule of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and win freedom and liberation through their heroic struggle and will inflict a hundredfold, a thousand-fold revenge upon the aggressors and quislings in the name of a large number of revolutionaries and people killed by the enemy.

Ever-victorious and indestructible is the anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle of the South Korean people enjoying the wise guidance of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and commanding active support and encouragement from the people in the northern half of the Republic.

S. Korean People Keep Up Their Struggle against the U.S. Imperialists and Pak Jung Hi Fascist Gang

Today the South Korean patriots and people of all strata are extensively waging the struggle against the war policy and fascist suppression by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and for the right to existence and democratic rights under the anti-U.S. national-salvation banner.

Enemy's Military Train Overturned; Military Communication Lines Cut Off

According to a report from South Korea, some time ago, the people in the Yongchon area, North Kyongsang Province, overturned a military oil tank train of the enemy. In this wake, the patriotic inhabitants in the area of Oegwan of the same province overturned on August 13 a military train of the enemy pulling over 20 oil tanks in the section between Jichon and Sindong stations, Chilgok county, North Kyongsang Province.

It is reported that this completely paralyzed the railway traffic between Pusan and Seoul.

Prior to this, the patriotic people in Ulsan, South Kyongsang Province, cut off the communication cables of the enemy running through the city, thereby paralyzing the military communications of the enemy.

A Wolfish Yankee Scoundrel and Puppet Policeman Finished Off

A South Korean inhabitant finished off a wolfish U.S. imperialist scoundrel committing outrageous acts in Inchon, Kyonggi Province, on August 2.

At dawn that day he heard that the wolfish U.S. imperialist scoundrel named Charles who had used to perpetrate outrageous acts was committing an outrage in the house of a woman surnamed Li residing in Songhak-dong in the city and hurried there and stabbed him to death.

This is one more resolute retaliation inflicted upon the wolfish U.S. imperialists, the sworn enemy, by the South Korean people.

Earlier, a South Korean youth shot to death a puppet policeman.

On July 10, this youth forced into the "local reserve corps" was standing on guard duty in Haengju-ri, Jido sub-county, Koyang county of Kyonggi Province.

A puppet policeman "on patrol" surnamed Kang of the "Koyang police station" turned up on the scene and severely reproved him for the "failure to discharge his duty."

Enraged at this, the youth shot to death the policeman.

Incidents of punishing puppet policemen, running dogs of the U.S. imperialists, take place frequently everywhere in South Korea.

Workers Fight for the Right to Existence and Democratic Rights

According to a report from South Korea, over 2,300 ship repairmen in the Pusan area who had been staging a labour dispute since the beginning of July to have their nine-point demand including wage hike and the payment of discharge allowances met, called a strike on August 1 and are now keeping up their stubborn struggle.

Over 600 women joined on August 20 the struggle of their striking husbands.

The family members of the workers exposed and scathingly denounced the crimes of the enemy, chanting the slogans "We are hungry" and "Guarantee our vital rights" and then they poured into the streets to stage a demonstration.

The workers and their family members are now persisting in their struggle, defying the suppression of the puppet policemen.

Korean Workers Hired at an Organ of the U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops Rise in Struggle

The South Korean workers hired at an organ of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops in the Pyongtaek area, Kyonggi Province, held an emergency meeting on August 12, filed with the boss of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army occupying South Korea a protest demanding the immediate punishment of a wolfish Yank who had committed an inhuman outrage against the South Korean women workers and his expulsion from South Korea.

But the Yankee imperialist rascals haughtily turned down their demand.

In strong protest against this, the workers called a general strike on August 13.

This struggle of the South Korean workers is an expression of their firm determination to defend their national dignity from the barbarous outrages of the wolfish U.S. imperialists and never condone the criminal acts of the enemy.

South Korea—A Living Hell Where Fascist Terrorism Prevails

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique maintain the brutal fascist terror rule in South Korea.

Today South Korea has been converted into a living hell where there is not a shadow of democracy and freedom and murder prevails.

The respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The military fascist dictatorship established in South Korea, as a product of the U.S. imperialist policies of colonial enslavement and war, faithfully serves U.S. imperialism. It has assumed an unprecedentedly ferocious and barbarous nature and become a pattern of the atrocious fascist rule of the imperialists over colonies." ("The Present Situation and the Tasks of Our Party," English ed., p. 99.)

As Comrade Kim Il Sung taught, the fiendish military fascist dictatorship established in South Korea is a product of the U.S. imperialist policies of colonial enslavement and war. It has grown more ferocious and barbarous in recent years when the crisis of the U.S. imperialist colonial rule has been further aggravated in South Korea and their policy of war intensified still more.

Expansion of the Fascist Repressive Machines, Revision and Perfection of Evil Laws

The U.S. imperialists and their stooges Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have enacted various evil fascist laws to do away with all socio-political elements that are in the way of their colonial rule and the execution of their war policy, expanded the machine of repression on a large scale, and thus covered the whole of South Korea with a military, police, intelligence and secret service network.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have established a system of barbarous military fascist repression consisting of the notorious "Central Intelligence Agency," puppet army and police, "procurator's office" and "court" and subjected the South Korean people to outrageous, atrocious fascist suppression.

After the "military coup" on May 16, 1961 the villains set up the "Central Intelligence Agency" as a general staff of the intelligence agencies of the puppet ground, naval and air forces, secret police service corps, puppet diplomatic information-gathering machine and other intelligence and plot-hatching organs which had been engaged in their activities in a decentralized way for the purpose of suppressing the patriotic forces of South Korea and their "opponents" and of organizing and commanding in a uniform way all the espionage, subversive and sabotaging activities against the northern half of the Republic and other socialist countries.

The puppet "Central Intelligence Agency" is the Headquarters of atrocious intelligence government in South Korea that commands and controls co-ordinately the puppet special service organizations, police, "procurator's office", "court" and other machines of repression under the direct command of the "U.S. CIA branch in South Korea" and exercises unlimited "privileges" and it is a general commander of the various machines of repression of people.

According to the data already published, the "CIA" is staffed with 15,000 men and has more than 400,000 informers.

These secret agents and informers are planted all over South Korea—important places and areas in which the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots are considered to be active—various organizations, factories, mines, companies, schools, restaurants, coffee houses, farm villages and residential sub-units. They watch every movement of people and arrest and imprison them then and there when they "speak of or do anything that displeases them."

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have recently set up and reinforced the "information-gathering departments" in all puppet machines of repression and increased their staff to further intensify the suppression of the South Korean people. And they have formed "special combat units" to mobilize the puppet armed forces for suppressing the people at any time.

Especially, the villains have got some 10,000 troops under the "capital security command" ready to be mobilized at any time in the suppression of the people in Seoul without the "martial law".

Meanwhile, they have forced discharged soldiers into the "local reserve corps" and newly formed the "coastal mobile striking force" and "special mobile striking corps" to suppress the people in co-operation with the puppet army.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique expanded and reinforced the puppet police machines and "procurator's offices," while forming extensively the repressing machines in the puppet army.

After the "military coup" they expanded the puppet security bureau on a large scale, newly set up or expanded some 250 police stations and police-boxes, formed "maritime police units" and created many police apparatuses.

Thus, the South Korean police force has nearly doubled that at the time of the "military coup" and today it numbers 50,000 men.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have established a fascist "legal system" unprecedented in all times

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At 291st and 292nd MAC Meetings

We Will Deal Annihilating, Retaliatory Blow at the Provokers

291st MAC Meeting

On August 14, the 291st meeting of the Military Armistice Commission was held at Panmunjom.

At the meeting our side lodged a strong protest with the enemy side against the criminal acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors who have continually introduced into South Korea various kinds of lethal weapons and frantically staged military exercises in an attempt to ignite a new aggressive war in Korea by wrecking the Korean truce, while perpetrating grave military provocations against our side, and called the enemy side to account for them.

According to the statement of protest made by our Senior Member Major General Li Chun Son, the American imperialist aggressors brought again in South Korea a group consisting of 24 "F-4 Phantoms" to reinforce the air force of their aggressive army stationed in South Korea and shipped in many helicopters illegally and handed them over to the South Korean puppet army.

Moreover, the U.S. imperialist aggressors intend to bring in South Korea scores of "Phantom F-4-D" fighter-bombers and a number of various modern transport planes to transfer them to the South Korean puppet army.

With a vicious intention to launch an aggressive war, they have systematically committed espionage acts to spy out our state and military secrets.

Major General Li Chun Son exposed that between April 18 and August 11 the American imperialist aggressors sent a great number of armed spies into the area of our side on 27 occasions.

But these armed espionage agents were captured or killed by the sentinels of our People's Army before they fulfilled their tasks.

To manufacture an excuse for unleashing another Korean war, the U.S. imperialist aggressors have systematically perpetrated ferocious military provocations against our side in the area along the Military Demarcation Line.

According to the statement of Major General Li Chun Son, on August 10 scores of armed bandits intruded into Kachil-ri in the central sector of the front and attacked our posts many times under cover of machineguns, 57 mm. recoilless guns, 106.7 mm. mortars and tanks.

Since they unilaterally ruptured the 290th MAC meeting held on April 18, the U.S. imperialist aggressors have been bent on committing reckless military provocations in wanton violation of the Armistice Agreement in order to set a fuse to an aggressive war.

During the period from April 17 to August 13 the U.S. imperialist aggressors illegally brought in the Demilitarized Zone 106.7 mm. mortars and other various heavy and automatic weapons and fired 76,510 shells and bullets on 470 occasions into our area, according to the statement of Major General Li Chun Son.

Between April 18 and August 13 they also unlawfully brought in the Demilitarized Zone 10 armoured cars, over thirty 57 mm. recoilless guns and a number of other heavy and automatic weapons and many armed bandits.

All these facts show that the U.S. imperialist aggressors are the criminals violating and trampling underfoot openly the Armistice Agreement, war maniacs running wild to start a new war and the prime mover aggravating tension in Korea, declared Major General Li Chun Son.

He strongly demanded the enemy side to discontinue at once provocative war exercises in South Korea, take out of the territories of Korea various weapons and combat materials illegally introduced and frankly admit its criminal acts and take a responsible measure to prevent reoccurrence of such hostile acts.

292nd MAC Meeting

On August 21, the 292nd MAC meeting was held at Panmunjom.

At the meeting Major General Li Chun Son, Senior Member of our side, lodged a stern protest with the enemy side against the hostile act of the U.S. imperialist aggressors who infiltrated their military plane into the sky over Kumchon, an area of our side scores of km. away from the Military Demarcation Line, about 11:00 August 17, and pressed hard the enemy side with questions.

Major General Li Chun Son pointed out that the military aircraft the U.S. imperialist aggressors had sent into our territorial air was shot down by the powerful self-defensive measure of our People's Army and seriously inquired the reason of infiltration of their military plane into our territorial air.

The senior member of the enemy side admitted the intrusion of their military aircraft into the territorial air of our side, but he foolishly tried to whitewash their grave criminal act and evade responsibility for it, by quibbling that the incident took place due to "careless" flight during its training.

His brazen-faced logic was duly condemned by Major General Li Chun Son.

Major General Li Chun Son produced concrete facts to refute his absurd remarks: on August 17, the day when the incident took place, there was not a speck of cloud to be seen in the sky; below the sky the plane intruded were such clear objects as a big river and an island, the Han River and Kanghwa Island; not one but three personnel were on board the plane; the plane was of low-speed type; it had three contacts with the ground control base and a notification sent by the enemy side to our side said that the plane was flying northward across the estuary of the Han River. And then he asked the senior member of the enemy side what was the true aim of the intrusion.

Now the sinior member of the enemy side failed to make clear answers.

Major General Li Chun Son demanded him to consult with his bosses, if he was not ready to reply, and prepare for a clear answer to the true ends of the criminal act before attending the meeting again.

At the meeting our side also condemned the enemy side for its firing and shelling and other hostile acts committed against our side between August 14 and 17, and called the enemy side to account for them.

The senior member of the enemy side should draw again a lesson from the recent incident and give an assurance that such a hostile act would never happen, declared Major General Li Chun Son.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors should bear in mind that if they would repeat reckless military provocations against our side in future, too, they would be bound to meet the same miserable fate as the plane suffered and they should act with discretion, he emphasized.

In conclusion, Major General Li Chun Son strongly demanded the enemy side to investigate the incidents protested by our side, take responsible measures not to commit such provocative acts again and correctly report the result to our side.

Various espionage apparatuses possessed by spies sent by the U.S. imperialist aggressors into our area

(Continued from Page 8)

and places in order to maintain the brutal military fascist terror rule.

The villains have rigged up more than 4,000 new fascist evil laws since the "military coup" and established the so-called "legal system" with their fascist laws and the evil laws which had been in force under the U.S. military administration and even the wicked colonial laws under the Japanese imperialist rule.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique concocted the notorious "national security law," "anti-communist law," "special law on the punishment of special criminals," "law on the political parties," "law on the purification of political activities," "law on assembly and demonstration," "law of the committee of the press ethics" and all other evil "laws" to deprive the South Korean people of their political freedom and rights and "legalize" their cruel repression of people for "anti-communism" and thoroughly ensure it.

Random Arrest, Imprisonment and Punishment, Democracy and Freedom Totally Denied

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits not only have banned all the political activities that are not to their liking but stamped out even the least vestige of democratic freedom.

Advocating "anti-communism" as the "first policy of the state" the villains allow no one to pronounce even the word of the "unification" by branding those aspiring after the country's unification as people who do "dangerous thinking" and barbarously suppress and murder those who call for the peaceful unification of the country on the charge of "high treason against the nation."

Countless political parties and social organizations that came into being after the April Popular Uprising in 1960 standing for a "reform" were dissolved by force by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet ogres and numerous people were cruelly killed in prison without "trials" merely for the reason of having advocated the unification of the country.

The villains are hell-bent on muzzling the press to conceal their fascist crimes.

In a couple of years from 1964 to 1966 more than 695 press organs were forced out of existence by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

They commit without scruple such outrages as snatching cameras and tape recorders from reporters collecting data and destroying them or beating and doing other violences to the reporters.

The fiends inflicted death and heavy penalties upon Jo Yong Su, director of the South Korean paper **Minjok Ilbo** and many other press men for the reason that they had insisted on the peaceful unification of the country and interchange between North and South.

More than 2,000 conscientious press men have been expelled from the press organs by the fascist gang for six years since the establishment of the military fascist dictatorship.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist outfit outrageously arrest, imprison and suppress even the people demanding the right to existence and democratic freedom and commit the barbarity of beating with stick and firing tear shells at the bare-handed students staging demonstrations.

In 1965 alone, the gangsters inflicted punishment upon some 853,000 guiltless people on the strength of their fascist evil laws. This means that over 2,300 people were punished on an average a day.

The spearhead of repression by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist band is directed to the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots.

The villains fabricated the "case" of the United Revolutionary Party, "case" of People's Revolutionary Party, "case" of the South Korean Liberation Strategic Party, "case" of the Revolutionary Organization of Imja Island, "case of the Operative Group for Communizing South Korea," and the "case" of the Society for Comparative Study of Nationalism and many other "cases," illegally arrested and imprisoned a great number of the revolutionaries and patriots who bravely fought for the South Korean revolution and the country's peaceful unification on the strength of such evil laws as the "anti-communist law" and "national security law" and are staging murderous trials every day, sentencing them to heavy and capital penalties.

As is already known widely, the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist hangmen committed a thrice-cursed atrocity of murdering cruelly on July 10 Comrade Kim Jong Tae, Chairman of the Seoul City Committee of the United Revolutionary Party, an indomitable revolutionary fighter, an ardent patriot, a soldier faithful to Comrade Kim Il Sung, a true son of the Korean people and a winner of the international prize of journalist.

Prior to this, the villains perpetrated an unpardonable, outrageous crime of brutally murdering in jail Comrade Choi Yong Do, Chairman of the South Cholla Provincial Committee of the United Revolutionary Party, an ardent patriot and indomitable revolutionary fighter.

All this clearly testifies to the fact that their fascist tyranny has reached its zenith.

These hangmen, not satisfied with murdering Comrades Kim Jong Tae and Choi Yong Do, are now plotting to punish collectively even their comrades-in-arms and families. They arrested and imprisoned countless patriots and are staging murderous "trials" every day, cruelly torturing them.

The desperate intrigue of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to punish and kill the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots is aimed at suppressing the daily mounting anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle of the people in South Korea and saving their tottering colonial fascist rule from its ruinous crisis.

This, however, is but a pipe dream and a death-bed struggle of the villains destined to ruin.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The fascist repression by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges in South Korea is merely leading to the further awakening and steeling of the South Korean people and to the strengthening of the revolutionary forces that will eventually sweep away the colonial system of the U.S. imperialists." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 304.)

Today the revolutionaries and patriotic people of South Korea, upholding the strategic and tactical line of the South Korean revolution and the unification of the fatherland put forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, are further expanding and stepping up all forms of anti-U.S. national-salvation struggles underground and in mountains, in towns and villages, and in prisons and at "courts."

They are developing all forms of struggles into a decisive, violent struggle for winning power.

With no amount of barbarous suppression and desperation can the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique stem the ever-rising righteous anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle of the South Korean people and save their doom that has already been sealed up.

The traitorous Pak Jung Hi fascist gang, the cruel fascist hangmen barbarously suppressing and murdering the South Korean people and the faithful dogs of the U.S. imperialists, will not be able to escape the stern verdict of the people.

Kim Gwang Su

Repatriation Operation of Korean Citizens in Japan Should Be Resumed Unconditionally

On August 14, 10 years ago, an agreement on the repatriation of the Korean citizens in Japan to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea was concluded between the Red Cross Societies of the DPRK and Japan.

The conclusion of the repatriation agreement owes to the constant paternal solicitude of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, for the Korean residents in Japan and the compatriotic policy of the Government of the Republic, and to the stubborn struggle of our compatriots in Japan for the right to repatriation and the warm sympathy with and active support to their struggle expressed by the Japanese people of broad strata and world public opinion.

The conclusion of the repatriation agreement enabled the Korean residents in Japan who had been condemned to national discrimination and insult by the reactionary Japanese government to repatriate to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, their glorious fatherland, and lead a happy life working according to their wishes and studying to their hearts' content under the guidance of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung whom they had longed to see awake or asleep.

In the past eight years after the conclusion of the repatriation agreement, over 88,000 compatriots have returned home from Japan and an increasing number of compatriots are desirous of repatriation.

Today the desire of the Koreans in Japan to return to their homeland is more ardent than ever before.

But their fervent desire has not been realized for two years now owing to the persistent obstructive manoeuvres of the reactionary Japanese government to wreck completely the repatriation operation.

In disregard of the staunch struggle of the Korean residents in Japan for the right to repatriation and the support to and sympathy with this struggle extended by the Japanese people of broad strata and world public opinion, the reactionary Japanese government unilaterally abrogated at the end of 1967 the repatriation agreement concluded between the Red Cross organizations of the DPRK and Japan and is now wantonly hampering the lofty aspiration of the Korean citizens in Japan for repatriation.

The reactionary Sato government of Japan is resorting to unpardonable criminal machinations to "legalize" its inhuman, illegal, unilateral abrogation of the repatriation agreement and fool world public opinion.

It is widely known that in order to attain this sinister aim, the reactionary Japanese government has broken up the Korea-Japan Red Cross talks for the resumption of the repatriation operation on a number of occasions, putting forward an absurd condition that it would conduct the repatriation of the 17,000-odd applicants in six months' time and later discontinue the repatriation operation.

The scoundrels have gone the length of committing shameless, haughty, treacherous act of breaking the promises they had given on many occasions and unreasonably asking our side to settle the question of the entry into Japan of the delegates of our Red Cross Society who were to co-operate in the repatriation operation through the International Committee of the Red Cross, the third party.

All the facts clearly show that the reactionary Sato government of Japan is desperately seeking to wreck once and for all the repatriation work of Korean citizens in Japan, an humanitarian work, in gross violation of international law and international practice.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"At present, a movement is widespread among our fellow countrymen in Japan for their continued repatriation. To return to their homeland is a legitimate national right of the Korean citizens in Japan which no one is entitled to deprive them of." ("Let Us Embody More Thoroughly the Revolutionary Spirit of Independence, Self-sustenance and Self-defence in All Fields of State Activity," English ed., p. 79.)

The repatriation work should be unconditionally continued as long as there are repatriation-wishers.

This is not only an unanimous demand of the entire Korean people but also a strong demand of the honest-minded peoples of the world including Japan and a strict demand of international law and international practice.

The Sato clique of Japan through the plot to wreck the repatriation operation pursues the vicious political aim of stepping up political bargaining with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and strengthening the military tie-up with the band, broadening the road to reinvasion of South Korea and taking an active part in the new war machinations of the U.S. imperialists against the northern half of the Republic.

The Korean people will stubbornly fight to the end to frustrate resolutely the criminal machinations of the reactionary Sato government of Japan to wreck the repatriation work and champion all the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan including the right to repatriation.

The Japanese government must unconditionally ensure the repatriation work of Korean citizens in Japan, its inescapable legal and moral duty and lofty humanitarian work.

Kim Pyong

Algerian Fighters' Day

The Algerian people significantly mark the Fighters' Day (August 20) in memory of the fighters who fell in the national liberation struggle with a determination to further promote the revolution and construction along their glorious road of struggle.

The Algerian people who started in November 1954 the glorious armed struggle against the French colonial rule and for the independence and freedom of their country overthrew the colonial rule and won the country's independence through the arduous 8-year-long war of resistance.

The independence of Algeria is a precious gain made at the cost of blood the fighters of this country shed in the sacred struggle for national liberation.

The Algerian people are a valorous people who have won over the counter-revolutionary violence of the imperialist reactionaries with the revolutionary violence and attained independence for the first time in Africa.

The armed struggle of the Algerian people and its brilliant victory showed once again that if the entire people, united closely, fight to the end in arms, they can surely defeat any aggressive forces of imperialism and win the freedom and independence of their country.

Under the leadership of Prime Minister Houari Boumedienne the Algerian people, holding fast to the anti-imperialist, independent stand, are continuing a vigorous march along the road of the country's independent development under the uplifted banner of self-reliance, resolutely smashing the subversive and sabotaging acts of the enemies at home and abroad.

The resistance fighters are playing a big part in this struggle today.

The Algerian government has withdrawn the military bases of the imperialists from its territory and set up the revolutionary court to punish severely the reactionaries in league with the imperialists.

The government and people of Algeria have already nationalized a good many factories and enterprises. They are now creating key industries in order to lay the foundations of an independent national economy and are developing agriculture in a diversified way.

The Algerian government has trained many national cadres. It brings up the bereaved children of fighters as reserves of the revolution.

The Algerian government is reinforcing the regular army, putting all youths under arms and giving the entire people military training, to firmly defend the revolutionary gains against the increasing aggressive intrigues of the imperialists led by U.S. imperialism and the Israeli expansionists. It actively supports the struggle of the Arab brothers and the Palestinian people both materially and morally.

The Algerian people give active support to the national-liberation struggle of the Asian, African and Latin American peoples.

The firm anti-imperialist, independent stand of the Algerian people makes a precious contribution to the anti-imperialist struggle of the tri-continental peoples.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, pointed out in his telegram of greetings to Houari Boumedienne, Chairman of the Algerian National Council of Revolution and Prime Minister of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic, sent on the occasion of the 7th anniversary of Algeria's independence:

"The Government and people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sincerely rejoice over all the successes made by the Algerian people and express full support to and solidarity with the Algerian people in their just struggle to resolutely oppose the imperialists headed by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys Israeli expansionists, uphold the dignity of the Arab peoples and to develop the national liberation movement."

The Algerian people give active support to the just cause of the Korean people who are fighting for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressors from South Korea and the independent, peaceful unification of the fatherland and highly appreciate the successes made by the Korean people in socialist construction.

The relations of friendship and cooperation established between the peoples of Korea and Algeria who are standing together on the anti-U.S., anti-imperialist common front are daily developing and will develop in the future too through their mutual support and solidarity.

The Korean people are firmly convinced that the Algerian people will attain greater successes in their struggle to achieve the prosperity and development of the country and uphold the dignity of the Arab peoples by inheriting the mass heroism displayed in the anti-French war of resistance.

Kim Byong Sam

We Support the Just Measure Taken by the Zambian Government

Kaunda, President of the Republic of Zambia, announced on August 11 the measure for a new economic reform to nationalize all the mines of the country.

The revolutionary measure of the government of the Zambian Republic is an epochal measure that represents a new step forward in the struggle for the ultimate victory of the national-liberation revolution of the Zambian people.

This measure corresponds to the aspiration of the Zambian people to liquidate the economic and aggressive foothold of the imperialists, defend national independence and the security of the country and build an anti-imperialist, independent and prosperous new Zambia.

The Korean people fully support the measure of the government of the Zambian Republic for economic reform and express solidarity with the struggle of the Zambian people to put it into practice.

The measure is of tremendous significance in building a firm independent national economy which will be a material basis for building a new Zambia, rich and strong, sovereign and independent.

It is a heavy blow to the imperialists headed by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges trying to strangle Zambia that has entered upon the road of creating a new life and to wrest this country from the anti-imperialist front.

The imperialists are more frantically conducting the aggressive and subversive acts against the Zambian people who are vigorously advancing along the anti-imperialist, independent road, taking the anti-imperialist revolutionary measures in succession.

The U.S. imperialists are threatening the Zambian people, enforcing the policy of "economic blockade" through their stooges and applying various economic pressure to Zambia. They have sent the Portuguese colonialists even the NATO forces to commit the aggressive acts against Zambia.

At the instigation of the U.S. imperialists the Portuguese colonialists committed again in July of this year a criminal atrocity of killing innocent people by indiscriminately bombing the villages of Zambia.

The U.S. and British imperialists massed the troops of the Smith and Vorster racist cliques on the borderlines of Zambia and made them systematically commit there the provocative acts against Zambia. They also supply the puppets in this area with funds for espionage activities against Zambia.

All this clearly proves that U.S. imperialism is the sworn enemy of the Zambian people and No.1 target in their struggle.

No matter how desperately the imperialists led by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys may try, they can never break the anti-imperialist revolutionary spirit of the Zambian people and bring to a halt their vigorous onward movement.

The Zambian government and people are now keeping a high vigilance against the subversive and aggressive machinations of the imperialists headed by the U.S. imperialists and the reactionaries at home who have become more frenzied due to measure taken by the government of Zambia and they are taking revolutionary steps for combat preparations.

The Zambian people are not alone. The Korean people and the revolutionary people the world over actively support the righteous struggle of the Zambian people.

If the Zambian people who enjoy the support of the world progressive peoples continue to take active anti-imperialist measures smashing machinations of the imperialists, their just cause for building a prosperous and independent state will surely be crowned with victory.

Kim Nam Chol

Korean Team Proves Successful at Second Summer Sports Games of Armies of Socialist Countries

Players of the combined sports team of the Korean People's Army set new records in some events at the Second Summer Sports Games of the Armies of the Socialist Countries held in Kiev, the Soviet Union, between July 31 and August 8.

In the 30 km marathon on August 5, Korean Master of Sports Ryu Man Hong carried away first prize by covering the distance with strong will, despite the unfavourable rainy weather.

In gymnastics, Korean Master of Sports Shin Hung Do won a gold medal in the ring exercise by scoring top points, defeating European aces.

The gymnasts of the Korean People's Army won a cup by placing second in the team scores.

In the weightlifting contests, the Korean weightlifters set new records in three events.

Master of Sports Kim Jung Il, light heavy weight, set a new record and carried away a gold medal by chalking up 185 kg in the press, leaving behind the strong competitors of world level, while Merited Sportsman Li Hung Chon also set a new record and carried away the gold by lifting 147.5 kg in the press in feather-weight class.

An Won Gun also broke the record and placed first by lifting 120 kg in the press in the light-weight class.

Other weightlifters proving successful as well, the Korean weightlifting team won a cup by placing third in the team scores. Li Gyong Ryol, the coach of the Korean weightlifting team, won special prize of technique.

The boxers of our country also scored good results by displaying high skill.

In the fly-weight class, Kim Man Sok took first place and won special prize of technique, outmatching strong European rivals.

The contestants of the Korean People's Army who competed in the three military events came first in the hurdles, carried away silver in automatic rifle shooting and bronze in handgrenade throwing. In the team scores, they won the cup by winning third place.

The wrestlers of the Korean People's Army also won good results by displaying fine skill.

The players of the combined sports team of the Korean People's Army won four cups including that awarded to the combined team and 6 gold medals, 19 silver medals and 28 bronze medals, demonstrating the heroic mettle of the Red sports soldiers of the Korean People's Army who have grown in the bosom of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

"We Heartily Love and Respect and Highly Appreciate the Korean People and the Government of the D.P.R.K."

Parliamentary Delegation of Republic of Lebanon Stays in Our Country

The parliamentary delegation of the Republic of Lebanon which arrived in Pyongyang on August 13 paid on the same day a courtesy call on Kang Ryang Wuk, Vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

That day the Presidium of the DPRK Supreme People's Assembly gave a banquet in honour of the delegation.

At the banquet Mamdouh Abdallah, head of the delegation, said as follows:

I express deep thanks for the warm welcome accorded us in the name of the Lebanon-Korea Friendship Association which was founded, encouraged by the philosophy of Premier Kim Il Sung, the creator of the heroic history and founder of philosophy of the 20th century, and the leader and hero who has developed the universal truth of Marxism-Leninism in conformity with the realities of Korea and proclaimed the principle of self-reliance in the struggle and put forth the original idea of *Juche*, the guide of all principles and in the name of our delegation.

During their stay in our country the guests looked round many places of Pyongyang.

The parliamentary delegation of the Republic of Lebanon visiting the house at Mangyongdae where Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, was born and spent his childhood

After inspecting the Museum of Korean Revolution on August 16, Ali Madi, member of the delegation, said:

We are well aware of the brilliant successes the Korean people under the wise guidance of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung have achieved in all domains of politics, economy and culture. And we also know well that the Korean people won a victory, great and brilliant, in the past Fatherland Liberation War. We heartily love and respect and highly appreciate the Korean people and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Particularly, we express our heartfelt respect for the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung whom the people of all countries in the world revere.

The delegation looked round the Hamhung district on August 17 and was invited to a banquet given by the Hamhung City People's Committee.

Dr. Yacoub Sarraf, member of the delegation, said at the banquet as follows:

The Korean people were steeled in the fire of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and the fierce Fatherland Liberation War and set an example of fearlessness and self-sacrifice.

All this is attributable to the outstanding leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the wise leader and respected and beloved Chief.

History has never seen such an outstanding leader as him.

His great revolutionary ideas are a beacon illumining the road ahead of all the people undergoing hardships under the colonial yoke, who thirst for freedom.

Korean People Express Firm Solidarity with the Just Struggle of the Congolese(B) People

Pyongyang City Mass Meeting Marking Sixth Anniversary of the August Revolution in the Congo(B)

A grand Pyongyang city mass meeting celebrating the 6th anniversary of the August Revolution in the Republic of the Congo (B) was held at the Moranbong Theatre in the evening of August 14.

Attending the mass meeting together with the working people in the city were Comrade Jong Jun Taek, Vice-Premier of the Cabinet; Back Son Il, Minister of Labour; and Anh Sung Hak, Minister of Commerce, and other functionaries of government organs and public organizations.

Biene Francois, Charge d'Affaires ad Interim of the Republic of the Congo(B) in our country, was invited to the meeting.

The meeting opened with the playing of the national anthem of the Republic of the Congo(B) and the Patriotic Song of our country.

Minister of Labour Baek Son Il spoke first at the meeting.

Pointing out that today the Korean people are significantly marking the 6th anniversary of the August Revolution in the Congo (B) together with the brotherly Congolese people, he, in the name of the Government of the Republic and the entire Korean people, extended fraternal greetings to the Congolese government and people.

Pointing in detail to the fact that after the victory of the revolution the Congolese people have shattered the repeated aggressive and subversive machinations of the U.S.-led imperialists and their stooges, thus firmly defending the gains of the revolution, and strenuously endeavoured to liquidate the aftermath of colonialism, consolidate national independence and build a new society, he said that the Korean people express firm solidarity with the just struggle of the Congolese (B) poeple.

He also expressed thanks to the Congolese people for their active support to the righteous struggle of the Korean people for accelerating socialist construction and achieving the independent unification of the country.

In conclusion the speaker said that the Korean people will, as in the past, do everything in their power to strengthen and develop the friendship and co-operation with the Congolese people under the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialism and national liberation and march firmly hand in hand with the fraternal Congolese people towards the final victory of our common cause.

Biene Francois, Charge d'Affaires ad Interim of the Republic of the Congo (B), spoke next.

He referred in detail to the fact that after they brought the August 1963 Revolution to victory through their heroic struggle, the Congolese people, under the leadership of the National Council of Revolution, have waged an energetic struggle to build a prosperous and happy Congo for their own sake firmly taking the power in their hands. And he pointed to the fact that the Congolese revolution is victoriously advancing amid the fierce struggle against the enemies at home and abroad.

Saying that the Congolese people will have their first match factory and agro-polytechnical college of important significance with the aid of the Korean people, he noted that the Congolese people know well that the aid from the friendly Democratic People's Republic of Korea is a disinterested aid given to the people fighting against imperialism, the heinous enemy of all peoples.

Then he pointed out that both the Korean people and the Congolese (B) people freed themselves from the yoke of colonial rule and are now vigorously fighting on the common front of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle. He went on:

The Korean people have achieved brilliant successes in all fields of socialist construction under the wise leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The great idea of *Juche* of Premier Kim Il Sung has given birth to epochal achievements in Korea unknown in the world history of socialist construction.

The Congolese people hail these achievements and give praise to the feats performed by the Korean people.

Pointing out that the Congolese people fully support the just struggle of the Korean people to unify their beloved fatherland, the speaker emphasized: The U.S. imperialists, the ringleader who imposes all sorts of misfortunes upon the Korean people, should pull out of South Korea and the "U.N. Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea," their tool of aggression, be dissolved.

The meeting closed with the playing of the Patriotic Song of our country and the national anthem of the Republic of the Congo (B).

Meanwhile, a photo exhibition dedicated to the 6th anniversary of the victorious Congolese (B) August Revolution was held on the evening of August 16 at the Chollima House of Culture under the sponsorship of the Korean Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries and Korean-African Friendship Association.

Cuban Singers' Group Gives Its Premiere in Pyongyang

The visiting group of Cuban singers gave its premiere at the Moranbong Theatre on the evening of August 15.

The theatre was packed to capacity with working people who came there with the feeling of friendship towards the heroic Cuban people who are courageously fighting against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy, and vigorously building socialism together with our people.

Sopranist Ana Menendez sang beautifully songs in praise of the beautiful spiritual world and national pride of the Cuban people.

Attracting particular interests of the audience in the performance which proceeded in an atmosphere overflowing with the feeling of friendship between the peoples of our country and Cuba was the song "Who is he?" composed by Roberto Sanchez, head of the singers' group, a few days ago.

Roberto Sanchez said in connection with the composition of this song:

"Comrade Kim Il Sung is a great revolutionary, outstanding military strategist, great educationist and great artist. Epitomizing his example in all domains in this song we said in every verse Kim Il Sung, Kim Il Sung."

This song sung by Ana Menendez expressing the feeling of unbounded respect and adoration for Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, deeply moved the audience and instilled into them greater national pride and honour as the Korean people making revolution under his leadership.

The premiere given by the visiting singers' group of Cuba in the wake of the "month of solidarity with the Cuban people" in honour of the 16th anniversary of the armed uprising of the Cuban people contributed to deepening the feelings of militant friendship and solidarity between our people who are actively supporting and encouraging the socialist construction of the Cuban people, regarding it as their sacred internationalist duty to defend the Cuban revolution, and the fraternal Cuban people.

Visiting Cuban singer Ana Menendez singing the song "Mother of Korea" in Korean, winning great admiration

FEATURE FILM

"Five Guerilla Brothers"

Recently the Baekdusan creative group of the Korean Feature Film Studio produced a feature film "Five Guerilla Brothers" (trilogy).

This is another masterpiece of high ideological and artistic value created by our cinema art.

The Jury for the People's Prize and Academic Degree and Professorship in Social Sciences of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea conferred the People's Prize upon this film which marks a milestone in the development of our literature and art.

This film gives a sweeping panorama of the bloody yet glorious struggle the Korean Communists waged under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung for the restoration of the fatherland and the freedom and liberation of the people in the grimmest days under Japanese imperialist rule, and of the boundless reverence for and intense loyalty to Comrade Kim Il Sung and the unyielding revolutionary spirit and lofty revolutionary traits the anti-Japanese guerillas and people showed in this course.

It is a grand historic epic of the 15-year-long anti-Japanese armed struggle, especially the period between 1933 and the spring of 1939. It deals with such events as the establishment of guerilla bases and battles to defend these bases, the expedition into north Manchuria to sow the seed of revolution over vast areas, the switchover of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army to active offensives in wide areas, the founding of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland and the struggle for setting up new type bases around Mt. Baekdu, the expedition of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army into the homeland and the historic victory in the Bochonbo battle and the arduous march attended with unprecedented ordeals and hardships.

Growth of Heroes

Action takes place in the thick of the historic events of great importance in the anti-Japanese armed struggle. Heroes Oh Jun Hyok and his brothers Jun Min, Jun Ho and Jun Shik and their cousin Oh Jun Ha and their family members grow into indomitable communist fighters in the fire of the hard revolutionary struggle.

These brothers are born into a family of a poor peasant who, deprived of his country, is subjected to untold maltreatment and exploitation in the alien land. Poverty keeps them from school.

These ordinary rural youths, who, like the overwhelming majority of the oppressed people, are clutched in the grip of ignorance, hunger and poverty under Japanese imperialist rule, embark upon the road of revolution and grow into revolutionary fighters in this course.

The film combines the growth of heroes including Oh Jun Hyok into revolutionary fighters with the sagacious guidance of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his constant parental concern shown to them.

Oh Jun Hyok arrives at a class consciousness in the Young Volunteers' Corps and the Red Guards in the guerilla base and joins the guerilla army. He works his way up from rank-and-file to become a regimental commander. In the course he thoroughly arms himself with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung. He implements to the end his orders through thick and thin and at the risk of his life. His younger brothers and other family members and relatives also grow into fighters in the course of the revolutionary struggle under different circumstances under the correct guidance and paternal care of the Leader.

Anti-Japanese guerillas celebrating May Day after the victorious arduous march

Loyalty

The heroes of the film are typical anti-Japanese guerillas who remained infinitely faithful to the Leader in the whole course of the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

Oh Jun Hyok and his family members receive from Comrade Commander an order to prepare the political ground for the successful march into the homeland by the Korean People's Revolutionary Army in Changpai and secure supplies for the army on schedule.

When it has nearly carried out the order of Comrade Commander, Jun Hyok's platoon is surprised by the "punitive force" of the enemy. At this critical juncture, Jun Hyok lures away the enemies from his platoon at the risk of his life and saves a lot of army uniforms. But during this battle he lost his wife Sun Ae in the same rank.

Jun Hyok bears his sorrow and pains over the loss of his wife, feeling pride in having carried out the revolutionary task given by the Leader. This shows the lofty spiritual world of the anti-Japanese fighters.

The intense loyalty of Jun Hyok and his family to the Leader finds more concentric expression in the last scenes of the third part.

During the arduous march in the winter of 1938, Oh Jun Hyok orders his regiment to disguise itself as the Headquarters and lure the enemies in the opposite direction of the Headquarters and attack them, for the safety of the Headquarters.

The iron regiment makes a thousand-ri long march forcing its way through breast-deep snow with the numerically superior enemy at the tail of its column. Always standing in the van Oh Jun Hyok draws the attention of the enemy to his regiment and strikes hard the enemy.

When the enemy does not come after his regiment or is little away from it he, anxious about the safety of the Headquarters, orders his men into pursuit and hits the enemy and feels relieved when the enemy follows it.

On the day when the May Day celebration takes place after the victorious arduous march Oh Jun Hyok underscores to his family members the words his cousin used to say:

"It is the way to Korea's independence to guard the General well and it is for the Korean revolution. We, therefore, should guard General Kim Il Sung well even if we die a hundred nay a thousand times..."

This is an expression of the anti-Japanese guerillas' boundless reverence for and loyalty to the Leader.

Great Value

The great success of the film "Five Guerilla Brothers" is that it gives a realistic, comprehensive portrayal of the contents of the revolutionary traditions established by Comrade Kim Il Sung in the course of the protracted, arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle, the historical roots of our Party and revolution and the source of our indestructible might, through the course of the growth of Oh Jun Hyok's family as revolutionary fighters and their infinite loyalty to the Leader. That is, the film shows immortal exploits performed and precious experiences gained in organizational and ideological preparations for founding the Party, the formation of the united national front, the establishment of the people's power and the construction of the people's armed forces, exploits and experiences that will shine for good in the history of Korean revolution. Herein lies its great epistemological and educational value.

The film "Five Guerilla Brothers" (screenplay by Pak Sung Su, directed by Merited Artist Choi Ik Gyu, camera by Merited Artist Jong Gyu Wan, sets by Kim Hye Il, music by Merited Artist Kim Rin Wuk and main cast by People's Actor Om Gil Son) is a masterpiece on the revolutionary theme produced by our cinema art and a fine textbook of life in arming firmly our working people with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the unitary ideology of our Party, and the glorious revolutionary traditions.

Ji Ryong Cha

Top:
Regimental commander Oh Jun Hyok wiping out the enemy by disguising his regiment as the Headquarters of the Revolution and luring the enemy, for the safety of the Headquarters

Right:
Cousin Jun Ha exerting revolutionary influence upon Jun Hyok's family in the guerilla base

Left:
Jun Hyok's wife Sun Ae and a woman of the sewing corps striving to carry through the order of the General to make 600 suits of army uniforms

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